# SŪRA LXXVII

33: خيالت , the non-Kūfan reading.

#### SURA LXXIX

11: تَخْرَةً - نَخْرَةً like Ibn Mas upporting the Kufan reading.

# SŪRA XCV

2: سينين - مينين as Ibn Mascud and Talha.

#### SÜRA CXII

1: گئ -. He omitted this word as did Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

# CODEX OF ZAID B. THABIT † 44

The role of Zaid b. Thābit in the Recension stories is too, well known to need further mention. In the usual stories Zaid figures as the actual compiler of the text both of the supposed first Recension under Abū Bakr and of the official Recension under 'Uthmān. He is said to have been one of the amanuenses of the Prophet and even to have written out revelations under his dictation. The fact that he was ealled upon by the Prophet to write down certain passages of revelation that had an official character was later expanded into the tale that whenever Gabriel came to the Prophet he would send for Zaid and have it written down').

His name occurs in the lists of those who had collected the Qur'ān in the lifetime of the Prophet (Nashr, I, 6). This may be an inference from his connection with the collection of the official text, but he seems to have been one of the Companions who interested themselves in collecting revelation 2), and of course may have begun his collection while the Prophet was still alive. That he had a Codex of his own is clear from the statement of Ibn Qutaiba,  $Ma^c\bar{a}rif$ , 133 "he was the last whose Codex was checked by the Prophet, so it is the nearest of all the Codices to ours". This statement is clearly tendential, desiring to give the Prophet's authority to the collections of the Companions, but the distinction it draws between "ours" i.e. the official 'Uthmānic text and the text of Zaid seems clear evidence that his was recognized as one of the pre-'Uthmānic Codices.

The fact that in some sources his name occurs only in connection

<sup>1)</sup> A further expansion of this story was the tradition that the Prophet said "whoever wishes to recite the Qur'an Las let him recite it according to the qurā'a of Zaid b. Thābit".

<sup>2)</sup> It is noteworthy that in some lists he figures with Ubai, Mu'ādh b. Jabal and Abū Zaid as the four who alone preoccupied themselves with Qur'ān collection during the Prophet's lifetime. Bukhārī, III, 397; Musnad, III, 233; Ibn 'Asākir, V, 445.

with the collection under Abū Bakr and not with that of 'Uthmān') may offer slender ground for supposing that the Codex known as the Codex of Zaid may have been the Codex which he prepared for the Caliph Abū Bakr, he having made a copy for himself while Abū Bakr's copy descended to Hafsa as already related.

Ibn Abī Dāwūd does not mention a Codex of Zaid, but Ibn al-Anbārī in his Kitāb al-Maṣāhif as quoted by al-Alūsī, xxviii, 49 gives a reading iu Sūra LIX, 7 as being found in the Codices of Zaid and Ibn Mas'ūd. The readings given in the Commentaries from Zaid must go back to his early Codex in so far as they presuppose a consonantal text differing from that of the standard edition, for after the establishment of the standard text of Uthmān any readings coming from Zaid would certainly have been only in the nature of interpretation of that consonantal text.

His original text would have represented some form of the Madinan tradition, and both Abū Huraira and Ibn 'Abbās are said to have derived their text from him 2).

#### SURA II

as Ibn Mas ud and al-Hasan.

248/249: اَلنَّا بُوهُ - اَلنَّا بُوهُ which is given as Ubai's reading.

259/261: مُنْسَنَّ - يَنْسَنَّ - يَنْسَنَّ .

283: فَرُهُنْ - فَرَهُنْ . So al-A raj and others.

#### SŪRA V

# · SÜRA VII

165: يَئِس – يَبِس, given variously as a Başran and a Meccan reading.

# SÜRA VIII

25: تُصِينَ - لاَ تُصِينَ, as Ibn Mas ud, Alī and others.

## SÜRA XLIX

10: مُخْوَانِكُمْ - مُخْوَانِكُمْ as Ibn Mas ud, Ibn Sirin and Ali.

# SURA LIX

7: السَّبيلِ وَالْمُهَاجِرِينَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ - وَأَبْنِ السَّبيلِ وَالْمُهَاجِرِينَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ - وَأَبْنِ السَّبيلِ : Mas ad.

# SCRA LXXXI

24: نضين مغلين as Ibn Mas ad, Ibn Abbas and others.

<sup>1)</sup> Al-Khazrajī, Khulāsat Tahdhīb al-Kamāl, 108.

<sup>2)</sup> Ibn al-Jazarī, Tabaqāt, I, 296

# CODEX OF IBN AZ-ZUBAIR + 73

'Abdallah b. az-Zubair was a Companion and the son of a Companion. His birth at Madīna in 8 A.H. made him the first babe to be born to the Muslims after the Hijra, and caused great joy in the community, because there had been a rumour that the Jews had put a spell on the Muslim women that they should not bear. It is related that so great was the interest in the babe that the Prophet himself anointed his mouth with some dates he had chewed, so that the first thing that descended to the child's stomach was the saliva of the Prophet. He was one of the ten considered to have been most prominent in collecting Qur'ān material during the lifetime of the Prophet, but in view of his age at the time of the Prophet's death this is extremely unlikely to have been the case.

In the Tabaqāt books he is recorded as having transmitted a riwāya fī hurūf al-Qurān¹), so that we are not entirely unprepared for the notice in Ibn Abī Dāwūd, p. 81 that he had a Codex of his own. His Codex apparently had little or no influence on exegesis. It would seem to have represented some form of the Madīnan tradition, and was doubtless destroyed when 'Uthmān's standard text was sent out, for lie was one of the Committee appointed by 'Uthmān to assist Zaid b. Thābit in establishing the text.

To the eight readings quoted from his Codex by Ibn Abī Dāwūd a few more may be added from the Commentaries.

#### SŪRA I

4/3: مَالِك - مَالِك as the non-Kūfan reading.

7/6: مَنْ - اللَّذِينَ as Ibn Mas ud.

7: كَانُ مَا الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْمٍ وَ غَيْرَ - غَيْرِ ٱلْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْمٍ وَلاَ : 7 but some said غَيْرَ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْمٍ وَلاَ : 7

#### SÜRA II

124/118: إِبْرًاهَامَ — إِبْرًاهِمَ here and all through the Quran, as also Abū Mūsā.

as Ibn Abbās, though الْمِسَ جُنَاحُ عَلَيْكُمْ - لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحُ as Ibn Abbās, though some said they read لَا يَخْنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ لِي مَوَاسِمِ الْمُحْبِّ - مِنْ رِبُّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ ٱلْمُحِبِّ - مِنْ رَبُّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ الْمُحِبِّ - مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ الْمُحِبِّ - مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ الْمُحَبِّلِينَ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ مَوَاسِمِ الْمُحَبِّلِينَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَمِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ الْمُحَبِّلِينَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَوَاسِمِ الْمُحَبِّلِينَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ الْمُحَبِّلِينَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ اللّٰمِ اللّٰمِ اللّٰمِ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ وَمِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ اللّٰمِ الْمِلْمِ اللّٰمِ ا

231: تَهُمْكُوهُنَّ – تُهُمَلُوهُنَّ – تُهُمَلُوهُنَّ as Ibn Qais and al-Jaḥdarī.

# SURA III

عَنِ ٱلْمُنْكَرِ وَيستعينونَ ٱللهَ عَلَى مَا أَصَابَهُمْ - عَنِ ٱلْمُنْكَرِ وَأُولَئِكَ : 104/100 عَنِ ٱلْمُنْكَرِ وَاللَّهَ عَلَى مَا أَصَابَهُمْ - عَنِ ٱلْمُنْكَرِ وَأُولَئِكَ : or some said بالله for إلله So also Ibn Mas ad.

# SÜRA V

في أَنْهُسِمُ مِنْ مُوَادِّنِهِمْ ٱلْهَهُود وَمِنْ غَيِّمِ — فِي أَنْهُسِمُ اَلدِمِينَ: 52/57. . ندِميِنَ but some said he read , ٱلْإِسْلَامَ فَأَهْلُهُ اَدِمِينَ

#### SŪRA VI

105: حَرْسَتَ or some said حَرَسَتُ or that he supported TR.

as Ubai, Ibn Mas and Ibn Abbas. حرج حجر ' as Jas Ibn Mas and Ibn and Ibn abbas.

<sup>1)</sup> Ad-Dani in Ibn al-Jazan, Tabaqut, 1, 419.

### SÜRA IX

19: عَمْرَةَ and مُعَارَةً and مُعَارَةً So Abū Ḥaiwa and others. عَمْرَةً and مُعَارَةً عَمْرًا : 47:

### SURA XIX

93/94: آت آلرَّحْمَنَ - عَالِي ٱلرَّحْمَنِ, as Ibn Mas tid, Talha and

#### SŪRA XX

63/66: إِنَّ هَٰذَيْنِ – إِنْ هَٰذَانِ supporting the reading of Abū Amr.

### SÜRA XXI

95: " supporting the Kūfan reading. 98: " as "A'isha, "Alī and others.

### SŪRA XXII

. مُعْجِزِينَ - مُعْجِزِينَ : 51/50

### SÜRA XXV

1: عبده – عبده, as al-Jahdarī and Ibn Fā'id al-Baṣrī.

77: كَذَّبْتُمْ as Ibn Mas ad Ibn 'Abbas.

### SŪRA XXVIII

as Ibn 'Abbas and Sa'id b. Jubair. سَاحِرَانِ تَظَاهَرًا - سِحْرًان تَظَلَهَرًا

### SÜRA XXIX

. تَخَلَّقُونَ 17/16: اللَّهُ ا

#### SŨRA XXXIX

30/31: مَانِتُونَ and مَانِيَّتُونَ and مَانِيَّتُونَ So al-Hasan and Ibn Muhaisin.

### SÜRA XLI

13/12: مَعْقَة ما معْقَة and مَعْقَة . So Ibn Muḥaiṣin and as-Sulamī.

44: مَنْ as Ibn Abbas and Ibn Umar.

### SŪRA XLVI

وَيُلْكَ - وَذَٰ لِكَ : 28/27

#### SÜRA LXII

9: إِنَّ as Ibn Mas ud, Ibn Abbas and Ubai.

#### SÜRA LXXIV

as Umar. يَتَسَاءَلُونَ يَا فُلاَن مَا سَلَكَكَ فِي سَقَرَ - مَا سَلَكَكُمْ فِي سَقَرَ ؛ 42/43

#### SŪRA LXXVI

31: وَالظَّالِمُونَ - وَالظَّالِمُونَ - كَالظَّالِمِينَ . So read by Abū 'l-'Aliya, Ibn Abī 'Abla, etc.

# SURA LXXVIII

14: بِالْهُ عُصِرَاتِ - مِنَ ٱلْهُعُصرَاتِ . So Ibn Abbas, Ikrima and others.

## SURA LXXIX

11: أَخْرَةً - لَخْرَةً as Ibn Mas add, supporting the Kufan reading.

#### SÜRA LXXXI

24: بضّين – بضّين as Ibn Mas ud, Ibn Abbas and Mujahid.

#### SÜRA LXXXVII

1: أَمْ رَبُّكَ as Ubai, 'Alī, and Ibn 'Umar.

### SŪRA XCII

14: عَلَظًى - مَلَظًى as Ibn Mas Talha and Zaid b. Alī.

# SŪRA XCVI

4: أَوْ - قُلْمُ الْخُطَّ - وَأَرْ الْخُطَّ .

# CODEX OF IBN 'AMR † 65'

Ibn Abī Dāwūd, p. 83 has a story from Abū Bakr b. 'Ayyāsh († 194)¹) relating how Shuʿaib b. Shuʿaib who was the great-grandson of Ibn 'Amr b. al-ʿĀṣ²), asked him would he like to see the Codex of Ibn 'Amr b. al-ʿĀṣ, and showed him an ancient Codex differing considerably from that in use in his day. He adds a note to the effect that it followed the text neither of Ibn Masʿūd nor the canonical edition, but was one of the many independent texts that had been prepared by Companions of the Prophet, though few of these had survived the promulgation of 'Uthmān's standard edition.

Ibn 'Amr is listed among those who collected revelation in the lifetime of the Prophet (Nashr, I, 6), and was known to be one of those who had a  $riv\bar{a}ya$   $f\bar{\imath}$   $hur\bar{u}f^3$ ). His Codex, however, seems to have left little or no trace on the subsequent history of the text. It is very doubtful whether any genuine reading from his Codex has survived to us.

### CODEX OF 'A'ISHA † 58

A little group of readings has the authority of 'A'isha the daughter of Abū Bakr and the girl wife of the Prophet. In every case save one they are readings supported by other early authorities. From all we know of Aisha in tradition there is the gravest doubt as to her having had at the Prophet's death any considerable knowledge of the Quran. All the stories, therefore, about her having learned the Qur'an at the Prophet's dictation, and being one of the little group who had memorized the Qur'an in the Prophet's lifetime, are to be put aside as the inventions of later piety. That she had learned by heart some portions that were used liturgically by the community is likely. It is also likely that the Prophet himself may have taught her little portions. Also it is possible that the variants ascribed to her are derived from the way in which she was known to recite certain portions before the promulgation of the Uthmanie text, though on the other hand they may merely be variants to which her name was attached to give them authority.

That she had a Codex of her own depending on a pre-Uthmānic collection of material seems in the highest degree improbable. The story about 'A'isha's Codex in Ibn Abī Dāwūd, p. 83 ff. obviously refers to a copy of the standard 'Uthmanic text which she was having made for herself and in which she insisted that there be inserted certain small details that she held had been wrongly omitted by 'Uthman and his Committee, Bukhari's story 1) of the man from Traq who asked Aisha to shew him her Codex as he wanted to arrange his according to the tartīb of hers would also seem to point to a copy of the Uthmanic text with the material arranged in some sort of chronological order. The reading in XXIII, 56, with the addition of "and those who pray in the front ranks", which is given by Ibn Abī Dāwūd, p. 85 from her Codex, might seem to indicate an independent Codex, but is more likely an ancient reading later ascribed to 'Ā'isha.

<sup>1)</sup> He was one of the rawis of the Kufan Reader Aşim.

<sup>2)</sup> He was Shu'aib b. Shu'aib b. Mhd. b. 'Abdallah b. 'Amr b. al-'As.

<sup>3)</sup> Ibn al-Jazarī, Tabaqāt, I, 439.

<sup>1)</sup> Quoted in Ibn Kathīr, Fadu'il al-Quadan, p. 38.

### SÜRA I

4/3: مَالِكُ as read by Sa'd b. Abī Waqqaş.

#### SÜRA II

as Mujāhid and Ibn ʿAbbās, but some يُطَوَّقُونَهُ - يُطَيِّقُونَهُ as Mujāhid and Ibn ʿAbbās, but some

as Ubai وَٱلصَّلُوٰةِ ٱلْوُسْطَى وَصَلَوٰةِ ٱلْعَصْرِ - وَٱصَّلُوٰةِ ٱلْوُسْطَى : 238/239 and Hafsa.

# SÜRA IV

117: آوَنَانًا as Ibn 'Abbās, but others said أُونَانًا as Abū's-Sawwār, others وَثُنَا as Ayyūb as-Sakhtiyānī, and others وُثُنَاً .

## SÜRA V

69/73: وَٱلصَّا بِثِينَ - وَٱلصَّا بِثِنَ as Ubai and others. [This, however, may merely mean that she noticed the grammatical mistake here].

#### SŪRA XX

63/66: إِنَّ هَٰذَانِ as the reading of Abū 'Amr. [This again may only mean that she recognized the mistake here].

## SŪRA XXI

98: حَصَبُ - حَصَبُ as 'Alī, Ibn az-Zubair and others.

### SÜRA XXIII

as Ibn 'Abbas, Qatada and يَا تُونَ مَا أَتَوْا - يُؤْتُونَ مَا آتَوْا : 60/62 an-Nakha'i.

#### SURA XXXIII

or some said عَلَى ٱلنَّبِيِّ وَٱلَّذِينَ تَصِلُونَ ٱلصَّفُوفَ ٱلْأُولِيَ - عَلَى ٱلنَّبِيِّ : 56 . . يَصُلُون for يَصُفُون

# SŪRA XXXVI

as Ubai. رَكُوبَتْهُمْ – رَكُوبَهُمْ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمْ

# SURA LXXVI

21: مُلِيُّمْ - مُلِيِّمْ.

# SŪRA LXXXI

24: بضّبين – بضّبين as Ibn Mas ad, Ibn Abbas and others.

# SURA CII

1: كُوْمُكُمْ مَا الْهَكُمْ as Ibn Abbās and Abū 'l-Jawzā'.

### CODEX OF SALIM † 12

Among the four to whom the Prophet is said to have advised his community to turn for Quroān instruction occurs the name of Sālim b. Mucqib b. cubaid b. Rabīca the mawlā of Hudhaifa b. cutba. The occurrence of his name in the lists of those who collected revelation in the days of the Prophet and in the lists of the early Qurrāc is probably due to this tradition.

There is independent tradition, however, that after the Prophet's death he set about collecting revelation material and was the first to actually assemble this material in Codex form ( $Itq\bar{u}n$ , 135). This tradition is said by Muslim authorities to be weak, but it is difficult to see how such a tradition could have survived had it not been notorious in the early days of Islām that Sālim had a Codex. The fact that in the  $Tabaq\bar{u}t$  books he is recorded as having transmitted a  $riw\bar{u}ya$   $f\bar{i}$   $hur\bar{u}f$   $al-Qur^3\bar{u}n^3$ ) also points in the same direction.

He was killed at the battle of Yamāma in A.H. 12 which is probably why so little is heard of his Codex or his readings. The only readings of his listed in the Commentaries are:

SŪRA II

نُسْكُهَا - الْمُسْكُمَا - الْمُسْكُمَا : 106/100

, SŪRA VII

47/45: عُرُفَتْ as Ibn Mas ud al-A mash.

# CODEX OF UMM SALAMA † 59

The only evidence we have for the existence of this Codex is the story in Ibn Abī Dāwūd, p. 87 which tells of her ordering a Codex to be written for her, in which was to be inserted in Sūra II, 238/239, the addition . As this story is also told of 'Ā'isha and Ḥafṣa it is a little suspicious, and in any case would refer only to a copy being made of the canonical 'Uthmānic text.

Umm Salama was a wife of the Prophet, and is included in the lists of those who collected Qur'ān in the lifetime of the Prophet (Nashr, I, 6). This may be merely an inference from the story of her having had a Codex, or it may have this element of truth, that she being in close contact with the Prophet may have memorized certain portions that were used more or less liturgically in the early community. Any further connection with the text of the Qur'ān can only be an invention of later piety.

The variants attributed to her are:

#### SÜRA II

238/239: الصَّلَوْةِ ٱلْوُسْطَى وَصَلَوْةِ ٱلْعَصْرِ - الصَّلَوْةِ ٱلْوُسْطَى : 238/239 as Ubai and Ilafşa.

# SŪRA XI

46/48: إِنَّهُ عَبِلَ غَيْرَ - إِنَّهُ عَبِلَ غَيْرَ as Anas, ʿĀʾisha, Ibn ʿAbbās and others.

#### SÜRA XXXIX

so 'A'isha, Ibn كَنْتِ and مَا نَكْبَرُتُ and مَا عَلَيْتُ and كَنْتُ as 'A'isha, Ibn.

Ya'mar and al-Jahdarī. It would necessitate a previous

SÜRA CVIII

. شَانِيَكَ - شَانِيَكَ . 3:

<sup>1)</sup> Ibn al-Jazari, Tabaqüt, I, 301.

# CODEX OF 'UBAID B. 'UMAIR † 74

Ubaid b. Umair al-Laithī, who was associated with the Qur'ānic teaching of both Umar and Ubai, is recorded in the Tabaqāt books as having transmitted a riwāya fī hurūf al-Qur'ān¹), which in turn was transmitted by Mujāhid, 'Aṭā' and 'Amr b. Dīnār, all of whom are quoted frequently by the Commentators for uncanonical variants, and two of whom had Codices of their own.

He was one of the early Meccan Readers (Nashr, I, 8) and his Codex was perhaps the foundation of the Meccan School of text tradition.

Ibn Abī Dāwūd, p. 88 quotes his most famous variant, that on the beginning of Sūra LXXXVII, but we can gather a handful of others from the Quroanic literature.

#### SÜRA II

7/6: مُعْمَدُةً - مُعْمَدُةً.

24/22: وَفُودُهَا - رَفِيدُها - وَفَيدُها مِ and so also in LXVI, 6.

as Ubai, وَالصَّلَوْةِ ٱلْوُسْطَى وَصَلَوْةِ ٱلْعَصْرِ - وَٱلصَّلَوْةِ ٱلْوُسْطَى: 238/239 Hafşa and others.

# SURA III

10/8: وَوَعَد - عَفُود . See the reading in II, 22.

71/64: تَلْبِسُونَ - كَنْبُونَ as Zaid b. 'Alī and Abū Nahīk.

## SÜRA IV

. تَهَانُوا - تَهِنُوا : 104/105.

# SŪRA V

. وَأَعْبُدُ ٱلطَّاغُونِ - وَعَبَدَ ٱلطَّاغُونَ : 60/65

# SÜRA XVIII

as Abū Nahīk and Abū's-Sammāl, though some say he read here مُعْنِي .

# SURA XXXV

. سُوء though others say he read زَيَّنَ لَهُ أَسُوء - زُيِّنَ لَهُ سُوء : 8/9.

# SÜRA XXXVI

عَلَالِ - عِظْلَلِ عَلَالِ as Ibn Mas and many Kufans.

# SÜRA XXXVIII

23/22: عَزَّني - عَزَّني as Ibn Mas ud Abu Razīn.

<sup>1)</sup> Ibn al-Jazari, Tabaqāt, I, 496, 497.

# SURA XLIV

38: لينهن - تينهما

. (pass.) يُذَاقُونَ - يَذُوقُونَ : 56

# SÜRA XLIX

9: وَأَنْتَكُوا بَا عَمْلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّالُوا عَلَى إِنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

# SÜRA LXIII

10: وَأَكُنُ - وَأَكُنُ So read by as-Sulamī.

# SÜRA LXXXVII

. سَبِّحِ ٱسْمَ رَبِّكَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكَ - سَبِّحِ ٱسْمَ رَبِّكُ ٱلْأَعْلَى ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ : 1/2

# SÜRA XCH

2: تَجَلَّى as Ibn Mas tīd.

14: تَلَظَّى بَتَلَظَّى, as Ibn Mas ud, Zaid b. Alī and others.

# THE OLD CODICES

(b) Secondary Codices.

Codex of al-Aswad.

Codex of 'Algama.

Codex of Hittan.

Codex of Said b. Jubair.

Codex of Talha.

Codex of Tkrima.

Codex of Mujāhid.

Codex of 'Atā' b. Abī Rabāh.

Codex of ar-Rabic b. Khuthaim.

Codex of al-Acmash.

Codex of Jafar aş-Şādiq.

Codex of al-Harith b. Suwaid.

(c) Unnamed Codices.

# CODEX OF AL-ASWAD † 74

This Codex which is mentioned by Ibn Abi Dāwūd, p. 90 merely for a reading in Sūra I, 7, seems to have been a secondary Codex based on that of Ibn Mas<sup>c</sup>ūd.

Al-Aswad b. Yazīd¹), the nephew of Alqama b. Qais, is listed among the early Kūfan Readers (Nashr, I, 8), and his sole claim to fame is that he was the teacher of such famous Kūfan authorities as an-Nakhaʿī (†95), as-Sabīʿī (†128) and Yaḥyā b. Waththāb (†103). He was numbered among the Companions of Ibn Masʿūd and was one of the champions of his text, so we can hardly doubt that his own Codex was derived from that text.

The only readings preserved from him are:

# SÜRA 1

7/6: مَنْ مَ as Ibn Mas'nd and Ikrima.
7: آلَذِينَ as 'Alī, Ubai and Ikrima.

# SÜRA XXV

60/61: בֹלְהֹלֵיל as Ibn Mas ud supporting the Kufan reading against the TR.

# SÜRA LXVII

3: تَغُونَ عَ as Ibn Mas nd supporting the Kufan reading against the TR.

# CODEX OF CALQAMA †62

cAlqama b. Qais was considered to be the greatest of all authorities on the text of Ibn Mas ad. He belonged to the Kufan School among whose early Readers he is listed (Nashr I, 8), and was the teacher of an-Nakha († 95), as-Sabī († 128) Ubaid b. Nadla († 75) and Yaḥyā b. Waththāb († 163), all of whom in their turn were pillars of the Kufan School.

There can be little doubt that his Codex was a secondary one based on that of Ibn Mas ūd. Ibn Abī Dāwūl, p. 90 merely mentions it for a variant on Sūra I, 7 in his list of Codiees, but on p. 105 he again refers to it, quoting a statement from Ibrāhīm an-Nakha ī that in this Codex there was no distinction made in the orthography between Alif and Yā. There are many stories of the care Algama took in the matter of Codex writing and of how people used to bring to him Codices newly written in order to have them checked (Ibn Abī Dāwūd, p. 156) but it is doubtful in these stories whether the reference is to Codiees written according to the old Kūfan tradition or copies made of the official Uthmānic text. The balance of probability is that they were copies of the standard text brought to Algama for checking because of his authority on the question of correct orthography.

A little group of readings from him which depend on a somewhat different consonantal text from that in our hands, may be presumed to go back to his own non-Utlunānic Codex.

<sup>1)</sup> Ibn Abr Dawüd says Zaid instead of Yazıd,

# SÜRA II

98/92: مِيكَائِلٌ – مِيكَائِل as Ibn Muhaisin.

as وَأَقِيمُوا ٱلْمُحَمَّ وَٱلْعُمْرَةُ إِلَى ٱلْبَيْتِ - وَأَتِمُوا ٱلْمُحَجَّ وَٱلْعُمْرَةَ لِلهِ : 196/192 Ibn Mas tid.

255/256: اَلْقَيَّامُ لَهُ as 'Umar and Ibn Mas'ūd, though some said he read اَلْقَيَّامُ .

#### SÜRA III

2/1: الْقَيْومُ - as in II 255/256.

# SURA IX

28: عَلَيْة – عَلَقْ as the friends of Ibn Mas ud.

# SURA XIV

50/51: قطران, as Ibn Abbas, Sa id b. Jubair and Qatada.

#### SURA XVI

مَوْجَهُ as Ibn Mas ud, but others said مُوجَهُ - يُوجَهُ or مُوجَهُ .

### SURA XVIII

53/51: مَلَاقُوهَا - مُوَاقِعُوها . See also Ibn Mascūd's reading.

### SÚRA XXV

18/19: مَا كَانَ without the مَا كَانَ.

as Ibn Mas'ūd, supporting the Kūfan reading.

# SŪRA XXVI

. خَلْقُ as Ibn Mas ad, though some said they read اختِلاً ق - خُلُقُ .

# SÜRA LXVII

3: تَعَاوُت like Ibn Mas ud supporting the Kufan reading.

# SURA LXXVIII

23: اَلْمِينَ – اَلْمِينَ like Ibn Mas ud supporting the reading of Hamza.

# SÜRA LXXXIII

26: ختية as Alī, supporting the reading of al-Kisā'ī, though others said he read هُوَّانِيَة.

# CODEX OF HITTĀN † 73 (?)

This was an early Basran Codex. It is listed by Ibn Abī Dāwūd who quotes from it (p. 90) a variant in Sūra III, 144/138 where it agrees with the texts of Ibn Mas<sup>c</sup>ūd and Ibn <sup>c</sup>Abbās.

Ḥiṭṭān b. ʿAbdallah ar-Ruqāshī hardIy figures at all in the qirā āt literature, but owes his fame to having been the teacher of al-Ḥasan al-Baṣrī. Ḥiṭṭān was himself a pupil of Abū Mūsā al-Ashʿarī, and his Codex doubtless was a secondary one based on that of Abū Mūsā. It is tempting to think that many of the shādhdh readings of al-Ḥasan are derived from his Codex and ultimately from Abū Mūsā, but we have no means at present of separating out such readings.

The only variant quoted from him is الرُّسُلُ instead of الرُّسُلُ in Sūra III, 144/138 which some say he also read in V, 75/79.

# CODEX OF SATD B. JUBAIR †94

Saʿīd b. Jnbair al-Wālibī was a black and a client by enfranchisement to the tribe of Wāliba b. al-Ḥārith. He was famous as an excepte and is claimed by some as a member of the School of Ibn ʿAbbās. He begau life as Secretary to Ibn Masʿūd and later served in the same capacity to Abū Mūsā al-Ashʿārī¹). He was also famous for his recitation of the Qurʾān and it was said that one night he would recite according to the text of Ibn Masʿūd and the next according to the text of Zaid b. Thābit²) (meaning probably the ʿUthmānic text).

That he had a Codex we know only from the fact that it is listed by Ibn Abī Dāwūd (p. 89). This Codex would doubtless have been a secondary one and one of eclectic type. Saʿīd is included among the early Kūfan Qurrā' (Nashr I, 8), and from his connection with Ibn Masʿūd we might expect his Codex to represent some form of the Kūfan text tradition dependent on Ibn Masʿūd. The Tabaqūt books, however, give him as deriving his text from Ibn ʿAbbās, and he is also said to have studied under Ibn ʿUmar. The shādhdh readings that have been preserved from him support this conclusion as to the mixed nature of his text.

Ibn Khallikan I, 565. There are also stories of how he used to check Codices
 (Ibn Abī Dawud, p. 156), though here the reference is doubtless to Codices copied
 from the official text.

<sup>2)</sup> Ibn al-Jazari I, 305.

## SÜRA II

106/100: تُسْاهَا – نُسْعَا, as az-Zuhrī and al-Ḥasan. See also Ubai and Ibn Mas dud.

137/131: ميثل ما , as in the Codices of Ibn Mas ud and Anas.

158/153: أَنْ لاَ يَطَرَّفَ – أَنْ يَطَرَّفَ . So Ibn ʿAbbās and ʿAlī. See also Ibn Masʿūd.

184/180: يُطَوَّقُونَهُ - يُطَوِّقُونَهُ , as Ibn Abbas and others.

as Ibn Abbās. أَلنَّاسِي – ٱلنَّاسُ, as Ibn Abbās.

267/269: مَيْمَانِ, as Mu'ādh, آsā ath-Thaqafī and others.

See Ubai.

283: آگنیا - گنتا, as Abū'l-'Ālīya, Abū Ḥaiwa and al-Jaḥdarī.

### SÜRA III

أَخَذَ رَبُكَ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُوا - أَخَذَ ٱللهُ مِيشَلَقَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُوا ٱلْكِتَلَبَ 187/184: أَخَذَ رَبُكَ مِنَ ٱلْكِتَلَ مِينَافَهُمْ

#### SÜRA IV

as Ubai and Ibn Mas'ūd. مِنْهِنَ إِلَى أَجَلِ مُسَمَّى منْهُنَّ - مِنْهُنَّ عَلَيْهُ

31/35: كَبِيرَ - كَبَائِرَ, as Ibn Abbas and Mujahid.

43/46: سگری – سگری So Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash.

102/103: گنتانگ - گانتانگ. So read also by Hkrima.

162/160: وَأَلْمُقْيِمُونَ - وَأَلْمُقْيِمُونَ بِ عَالْمُقْيمِين , as Ubai, Ibn Mas and others.

# SŪRA V

3/4: وَمَا أَكُلُ ٱلسَّبُعِ – وَمَا أَكُلُ ٱلسَّبُعِ , as Ubai, Ibn Mas ad Ibn Abbas.

. أُوتُوا ٱلْكِتَابَ مِنْ قَبِلِكُمْ - أُوتُوا ٱلْكِتَابَ : 5/7

69/73: وَأَلْصًا بَيْنَ - وَالْصًا بَيْنَ , as Ubai and others.

89/91: مُرْوَتِهِمْ - كُسُوتِهِمْ So Ibn as-Samaifac.

96/97: dolab - dolab. So Ibn Abbas, al-Hasan and others.

### SÜRA VI

74: آزرًا - عازرًا, given also from Ibn Abbas.

99: وَيَلْزِعهِ – وَيَلْزِعهِ . So Ibn as-Samaifac and Ibn Abī Abla.

105: حَرْسَتَ as 'Alī and Ibn 'Abbās.

## SURA VII

74/72: وَتَنْحَانُونَ - وَتَنْحَانُونَ . So Yaḥyā b. Yaʿmar, al-Ḥasan and al-Jaḥdarī.

117/114: مُثَلَقَمُ - مُثَلَقَمُ So Mu'adh and Abu Nahik.

127/124: الْهَتَكَ بِالْهِمَالِي So Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Abbas.

عِبَادًا أَمْثَالُكُمْ - عِبَادٌ أَمْثَالُكُمْ : 194/193

201/200: طَيِّفْ – طَائِفْ, as Ibn ʿAbbās and Abūʾs-Sammāl. اللَّهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى الل

# SÜRA IX

17: مَسَاجِد - مُسَاجِد, as Ibn Kathir and Abū Amr.

19: مَنْاَةً وَ سَفَايَةً بَا مَعْدَامً بِهِ as Ibn az-Zubair and Abū Ḥaiwa.

he read عَمَارَةً.

90/91: ٱلْمُعَنَّدُرُونَ - ٱلْمُعَنَّدُرُونَ - ٱلْمُعَدِّرُونَ به as Abū Shaikh and Abū Ḥaṣīn.

# SÜRA X

76/77: سَاحِرْ – لَسِحْرِ , as Mujāhid and al-A°mash.

#### SÜRA XI

قَالُوا سَلَامًا قَالَ سَلَامٌ وَكُلُّ شَيْء سَلَّمَتْ - قَالُوا سَلَمَّا قَالَ سَلَمْ: 69/72. عَلَيْهِ ٱلْمَلَاثِكَةُ فَقَالُوا سَلَامًا قَالَ سَلَامٌ.

### SÜRA XII

72: قَاعَ - قَاعَ , but others said he read قَاعَ or قَاعَ or قَاعَ .

76: عام - وعام , as Isā ath-Thaqafī and Abān b. Taghlib.

# SURA XIII

31: دياره م - داره as Mujāhid.

### SŬRA XIV

50/51: قَطْرِ آنِ – قَطْرَانِ. So Ibn Abbās, Qatāda and Ikrima. Some said قَطْرَانِ Some said عَطْرَانِ

# SÜRA XVII

4: بِالْكِتَابِ آلْكُتُبِ So read by Abū'l-'Āliya.

23/24: وَوَصَّى , as Ibn Mas ud, Ubai and Ibn Abbas.

102/104: عَلِمْتَ يَا فِرْعَونُ - عَلِمْتَ بِهِ فِرْعَونَ , as Ibn ʿAbbās.

# SŪRA XVIII

79/78: مُعَامِيمُ - وَرَاءِهُمْ , as Ubai and Ibn Abbas.

109: مَدَدًا مَدَدًا, as Ibn Mas'ūd, Ibn 'Abbas and Mujāhid.

#### SÜRA XX

63/66: إِنَّ هٰذَيْنِ - إِنْ هٰذَانِ, the reading of Abū Amr.

69/72: عَلَقَتْ - مُلْقَتْ. So read by Mu'ādh and Abu Nahīk, as in VII, 114.

### SÜRA XXII

2: سُكَرَى – سُكَارَى, as al-A'mash and Abū'l-Jawzā'. So بِسُكُرَى for بِسُكَارَى

. حَقَّ - اللَّهُ . 18:

27/28: رُجَالَى – رِجَالَى, as Ibn ʿAbbās, but some said they read رُجَالَى – رِجَالَى .

36/37: مَوَافِنَ - صَوَافِنَ, as Ibn Mas'ūd, Ibn 'Abbas and others.

## SURA XXIII

67/69: سامرًا So Tkrima, Mu'adh and Ibn Dharr.

## SÜRA XXIV

27: مَشْتَأْ فِينُوا مِنْ مَشْتَأْ فِينُوا مِنْ مُشْتَأْ فِسُوا , as Ibn 'Abbās.

33: آَهُنَّ غَنُورٌ - غَغُورٌ, as Ibn Mas tid and Ibn 'Abbas.

35: کُرِی - دُرِی So Ikrima, Qatada and Yahya b. Yamar.

36: وَالْإِيصَالِ - وَالْأَصَالِ . As Abū Mijlaż.

61/60: ázilés - ázilés.

# SÜRA XXVIII

32: فَذَانِكُ – فَذَانِكُ . So read by Muʿādh, Abū Nahik and Abūʾl-Mutawakkil.

48: سَاحِرَانِ نَظَّاهُرًا بِعُثَانِ نَظُّهُرًا, as Ibn 'Abbās and Ibn as-Zubair.

# SURA XXXIV

14/13: مِنْ سَأَتِهِ – مِنْ سَأَتِهِ, as Ibn Mas ud, Abu's-Sawwar and al-Jalıdarı.

37/36: جَزَاء الضِعْف – جَزَاء الضِعْف. So Mu'ādh, Abū Nahīk and Ya'qūb.

## SÜRA XXXV

12/13: مَا يُعْ: So read by Mu'ādh, Abū Rajā' and Abū Ḥaiwa.

# SÜRA XXXVII

103: اللَّهُ اللَّهُ So Ibn Mas'ūd, 'Alī and Mujāhid.

# SŪRA XXXIX

3/4: هُمْدُهُمْ - مَا نَعْبُدُهُمْ . So Ibn Mas ad. . قَالُوا مَا نَعْبُدُهُمْ . So Ubai. . وَيَعْذَرُ عَذَابَ ٱلْآخِرَةِ - يَعْذَرُ الْآخِرَةَ . So Ubai.

### SÜRA XLVIII

9: يُسَيِّحُوهُ آلله — تُسَيِّحُوهُ. So read by Ibn Mas ud. 29: أَثَارِ — أَثَّر , as Ibn Mas ud, al-Hasan and Abu Ḥasīn.

#### SÜRA L

19/18: مُكَرَّاتُ - سَكَرَّاتُ, as Ibn Mas ʿūd, Ibn Dharr and Ibn Qais. الْحَقِّ بِالْمَوْتِ - اَلْمَوْتِ بِالْحَقِّ بِالْمَوْتِ بِالْحَقِّ بِالْمَوْتِ بِالْحَقِّ . 30/29: مَغُولُ اللهُ - نَقُولُ اللهُ - نَقُولُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ .

### SÜRA LI

25: سَلْمُ - كَامَا . So read by al-A'mash, Ṭalḥa and an-Nakha'ī.

#### SŪRA LIII

12: أَفْتُمَارُونَهُ - أَفْتُمَارُونَهُ مَا مَعَالًا , as Ibn Mas ud, Alī, Ibn Abbās and Hamza.

#### SÜRA LIV

7: الشُّغ – لعنية, as Ibn 'Abbas, Hamza and al-Kisa'ī.

# SÜRA LV

. So Abū Ḥaiwa.

# SÜRA LVII

29: مِنْ يَعْلَمُ وَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّمُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلّمُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّمُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّمُ عَلَمُ عَلَّمُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّمُ عَلَّمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّمُ عَلَّمُ عَلَمُ عَ

# SURA LXIII

10: فَأَصَدَّقَ – فَأَصَدَّقَ , as Ubai and Ibn Masʿūd. ثَأْكُونَ – فَأَكُونَ – فَأَكُنْ, as Ibn Masʿūd and Ibn ʿAbbās, and the Baṣran reading.

# SURA LXVII

3: تَفَوْتُ - تَفَاوُتُ, like Ibn Mas ud and the majority of Kufans.

# SÜRA LXXII

. جَدًّا رَبْنَا - جَدُّ رَنَّنَا : 3

# SURA LXXIV

33/36: إِذْ أَدْبَرَ لِللَّهِ though some said he supported TR.

#### SÜRA LXXVII

33: جَالَاتُ . So read by Ibn Abbas, al-Ḥasan and Qatada.

# SURA LXXVIII

- 1: يَسَّاءُلُونَ يَسَّاءُلُونَ, as Abū المَعْتَوَى بَيْسَاءُلُونَ اللهِ as Abū المَعْتُونَ اللهِ like Ibn Mas ud.
- 23: لَيْسِنَ لَا شِينَ like Ibn Mas ud supporting the reading of Hamza.

# SÜRA LXXXI

24: بغنين – بغنين as Ibn Mas ad, Ibn Abbas and others.

# SÜRA LXXXII

6: غَرُكَ - غَرُكَ . So read by al-A mash.

# SŪRA LXXXVIII

. مَبْنُونَةٌ مُتَكِئِينَ فِيهَا نَاعِمِينَ فِيهَا - مَبْنُونَةُ : 16

# SŪRA XCIX

4: تُعَدِّفُ as Ibn Mas ud.

# CODEX OF TALHA † 112

In the Codex of Talha b. Musarrif we have another secondary Codex dependent on that of Ibn Mas Talha was a member of the Kūfan School, associated therein with an-Nakha († 95), Yaḥyā b. Waththāb († 103) and al-A mash († 148), and was known to have had an *ikhtiyār* of his own which was transmitted by Fayād b. Ghazwān 1). His fame as a Reader was so great that he came to be known as Sayyid al-Qurrā.

The only mention of his Codex is in Ibn Abī Dāwūd where however, no readings from him are given and no statement made about his Codex. As his shādhdh readings were numerous and very famous, the probability is that some pages have dropped out of the original from which the Zāhiriya MS of Ibn Abī Dāwūd was copied.

<sup>1)</sup> Fihrist 31<sup>1</sup>; Ibn al-Jazarī, Tabaqāt I, 343.

#### SÜRA I

4/3: مَالِكِ – مَالِكِ, i.e. the non-Kūfan reading.

## SÜRA II

. إِنْ يُخَادِعُونَ إِلَّا - يُخَدِعُونَ: 8/8

. عَبْدًا though some said , مِهَادًا - فِرَاشًا . 22/20

61/58: مصرًا, as in the Codex of Ibn Mas ud.

. تَنْشَقْ or some said يَنْشَقَى - يَشَقَّقُ or some said .

83/77: حُسْنَى - عُسْنَا, as read by Ubai and al-Ḥasan.

124/118: أَنْظَالِمُونَ - أَنْظَالِينَ , as Ibn Mas'ud and Ibn 'Abbas,

125/119: مَثَابَة , so read also by al-A mash.

159/154: سنة , making the subject Allah. So read by Ibn Mas ud.

. ٱلْهُطَّهِرِينَ - ٱلْهُتَطَهِّرِينَ : 222

وَ انْظُرْ لِطَعَامِكَ وَشَرَابِكَ - فَا نْظُرْ إِلَى طَعَامِكَ وَشَرَابِكَ لَمْ يَنَسَنَهُ : 259/261 . See also Ibn Mas ūd's reading. Some, however, said Talha merely read يَتُسَنَّهُ for يَتُسَنَّهُ

280: فَنَاظِرَةٌ - فَنَاظِرَةٌ, as Ibn Abi Lailā and Isā ath-Thaqafī.

284: مَعْفَرْ - مَعْفَرْ, as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash.

as 'Alī and Ibn Mas'ūd. وَإِنَّاءِ وَإِنَّاءِ وَرُسُلِهِ - كُنُبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ . \$285. as Ibn Mas'ūd.

#### SURA III

140/134: مُضِمَّمُ - مُسَمَّمُ . 143/137: وَأَتَدُ - فَقَدُ : . يُسْرِعُونَ - يُسَرِعُونَ : 176/170

as Ibn Mas ud. يَقُولُونَ - قَالُوا : 181/177

. قُوْلُوا وَقَائَلُوا – قَائَلُوا وَقُوْلُوا : 195/194

### SURA IV

. أَنْ لَا تُعِيلُوا – أَلَّا تَعُولُوا : 3

. as Ubai. أَنْ يَفْحُشْنَ - أَنْ يَأْتِينَ بِفَاحِشَةٍ : 19/23

as Ibn Mas'ūd and Ubai. مِنْهُنَّ إِلَى أَجَلَ مُسَمَّى - مِنْهُنَّ إِلَى أَجَلَ مُسَمَّى

34/38: قَالَصَّوَالِحُ قَوَانِتُ حَوَافِظُ - فَٱلصَّلِحَاتُ قَلْتِسْتُ حَلِظَتْ 34/38 Mas Tud.

## SÜRA V

13/16: قَسِيّة - قَسِيّة. So read by al-A mash and Ibn Abī Lailā.

64/69: بُسُطَتَانِ - مَبْسُوطَتَانِ, as Ibn Mas Tid, though some say they read بُسُطَتَانِ.

الله عند ال

# SURA VI

. لِيَقْضَى - ثُمَّ قَضَى : 2

23: نُمَّ مَا كَانَ – نُمَّ لَمْ بَكُنْ: as Ibn Mas ud.

57: يَقْضُ الْمُحَقِّ – يَقْضُ الْمُحَقِّ , as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash.

71/70: اَسْتَهُوَاهُ اَلشَّيْطَانُ - اَسْتَهُوَتُهُ اَلشَّيْطِينُ, as Ibn Mas ud and

105: دَرَسَت , a reading also given from Ibn Mas tid.

111: قَبُلاً , as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash, though some said he read مُعَيِّلًا .

. أَفْهَنْ - أَوَمَنْ : 122

125: בَصَعَد, as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash.

as Ubai and Ibn Mas ad.

#### SÜRA VII

الْغَيَاطِ: 40/38, as Ibn Mas ud, but some said he read as Abu Razīn.

93/91: إيسَى – عاسَى . So read by al-A mash.

154/153: سکّن – سکّت, as Muʿāwiya b. Qurra, but others said he read

. وَبُذُهِبُ – وَيَضَعُ : 157/156: . وَبُذُهِبُ – وَيُضَعُ : . وَبُذُهِبُ مَصَدِّقًا لِمَا يَئِنَ يَدَيْدِ مِنْ كِتَابِ آللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ – وَٱلْإِنْجِيلِ . وَٱلْإِنْجِيلِ مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا يَئِنَ يَدَيْدِ مِنْ كِتَابِ آللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ – وَٱلْإِنْجِيلِ . so Qatada, az-Zuhrī and Khārija.

196/195: مَرَّلَ ٱلْكِتَابَ بِٱلْكِتَابِ لِلْكَتَابِ الْكِتَابِ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

# SÜRA VIII

1: يَسْتَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْأَنْفَالِ مِنْ يَسْتَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْأَنْفَالِ as Ibn Mas and many others.

. So Ibn Khuthaim. تَفْعَلُوا - تَفْعَلُونَ . So Ibn Khuthaim.

### SÜRA IX

8: སྐ - སྐ་. So read by Tkrima, and Ibn Umar.

37: اَلْسَوَ as as-Sulami though some said أَلْسَوُ as Mujahid.

51: مَلْ يُصِيبَنا - كَنْ يُصِيبَنا See Ibn Mas'ūd's reading.

52: إِلَّا أَحْدَى, as Ibn Muhaisin.

المَّامُّرُ عَلَيْ مَا المَّامُّرُ عِلَى المَّامُّرُ عِلَى المُعَامِّرُ عِلَى المُعَامِّرُ عِلَى المُعَامِّرُ ع

رَاوْ فَطَعْتَ أَنْ تَفَطَّعَ فُلُوبَهُمْ - أَنْ تَفَطَّعَ فُلُوبَهُمْ - أَنْ تَفَطَّعَ فُلُوبَهُمْ ( 110/111 عُلُوبَهُمْ as the Friends of Ibn Mas ud, others فُلُوبَهُمْ as Abu's-Sammal.

or some said وَمَا ٱسْتَغْفَرَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ - وَمَا كَانَ ٱسْتَغْفَارُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ : 114/115.

126/127: يَرُونَ بِي اللهِ عَلَى بِي عَرَقُ عَلَى as Ubai, Ibn Mas ud al-A mash.

#### SŪRA X

79/80: عَارِ - سَاحِر, which was the Kūfan reading.

### SÜRA XI

37/39: المُعْيِنَا - المُعْيِنَا : 37/39.

. So Ibn Mas ad. مِنْ قَبْلِ هَذَا ٱلْقُرْآنِ - مِنْ قَبْلِ هَذَا . So Ibn Mas ad.

 $102/104: |\vec{\xi}| - |\vec{\xi}|$  as Ubai.

### SÜRA XII

11: אינו בין as Ubai, al-Ḥasan and al-A'mash.

13: لَيَحْزُنْنِي – لَيَحْزُنْنِي. So read by Zaid b. Alī and Sulaimān at-Taimī.

# SÜRA XIV

. تَدْعُونًا - تَدْعُونَانًا : 9/10

42/43: تُحْسَبُنَ – تَحْسَبَنَ, also in v. 48.

# SÜRA XV

2: رَبَّنَ - رَبَّنَ. So Abū Nahīk, Abū's-Sammāl and Ibn as-Samaifac.

55: اَلْقَنطِينَ - اَلْقَنطِينَ . So Ibn Waththab, Al-A'mash and others.

# SURA XVI

12: كَالْزِيَاحُ - كَالْزِيَاحُ , as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash.

مَوْجَهُ بَ عَلَيْهِ بَالَّهُ بَالَّهُ بَالُوجَةً بَالُوجَةً بَالُوجَةً بَالُّهُ بَالُوجَةً بَالُّهُ بَالُوجَةً بَالُّهُ عَلَى الْمُحَالِّةً بَالْمُ مَا اللهُ ال

### SŪRA XVII

23/24: يَبْلُغَانِّ – يَبْلُغَنَّ, supporting the Kūfan reading.

So read by Ibn Qais and Abū Ḥaṣīn.

44/46: سَبَعَتْ - تُسَبِّعُ , as Ibn Mas ud al- A mash.

. So Ibn Khuthaim. تَخْزُنُونَ – تَهْلَكُونَ : So Ibn Khuthaim.

. أَيًّا مَنْ – أَيًّا مَا : 110

الله عَمْرِيكُ لَهُ – لَهُ شَرِيكُ بَهُ , as read by Abū's-Sammāl.

### SÜRA XVIII

لَكِنْ هُوَ ٱللهُ - لَكُنَّا هُوَ ٱللهُ : 38/36.

45/43: أَلرّ بِحُ – ٱلرّ يَاحُ, supporting the Kufan reading.

مَكَافُوهَا - مُوَافَعُوهَا as Ibn Mas ud al-A mash.

55/53: قَبَيلًا – قَبُلًا, as Ubai and Ibn Qais.

86/84: حَيْمَة - كَامِية - So Ibn Mas find with the reading of Hamza and Ibn Amir.

94/93: خَرُاجًا , supporting the Kūfan reading.

. See Ibn Mas ad مِنْ قَبَلِ أَنْ يُقْضَى - قَبْلَ أَنْ تَنْفَدَ : 109

# SÜRA XIX

9/10: كَانْتُكَ - كَانْتُكَ, as the reading of Hamza and al-Kisair.

المَّدُونُ - سَيْحُولُ - 11/12: مُنْحُونُ - سَيْحُولُ .

as al-A'mash, but some said he read قَالَ ٱلْكُفِّ – قَوْلَ ٱلْكُفِّ as al-A'mash, but some said he read قال الله المحقّ

60/61: بَيَدْخُلُونَ - يَدْخُلُونَ, as Ibn Mas ud.

مَا خُرُجُ – لَسَوْفَ أُخْرَجُ and others لَسَأُخْرَجُ عَلَيْ and others لَسَأُخْرَجُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ

93/94: آني آلرَّحْمَن. So Ibn Mas tid, Ibn az-Zubair and others.

### SŪRA XX

2/1: مَا نُرِّلَ عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْآنُ لَا مَا أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْآنُ , as Ibn Fa'id al-Baṣrī.

13: عَنْ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللّ

69/72: عثر – سنحر, supporting the Kūfan reading.

80/82: أُغْيِنَكُمْ , supporting the Kūfan reading.

81/83; كَزُفْنَكُمْ , supporting the Kufan reading.

. إِلَّا هُوَ ٱلرَّحْمَانُ رَبُّ ٱلْمَرْشِ - إِلَّا هُوَ : 98

102: يُحْشَرُ الْهُجْرِمُونَ - نَحْشُرُ الْهُجْرِمِونَ, as al-Hasan, though some said he read تُحْشَرُ

# SÜRA XXI

. يَدْعُونًا - يَدْعُونَنَا : 90

95: حرّام , supporting the Kūfan reading like Ibn Mas ūd.

112: رَبِّ أَحْكُمْ - رَبِّ أَحْكُمْ as aḍ-Ḍaḥḥāk and Yasqūb.

### SŪRA XXII

2: سَكُرَى - سُكَارَى, as an-Nakhāʿī and Ibn Waththāb.

11: خَاسِرَ - مَاسِرَ, as Mujāhid and Ibn Abī Abla. It involves a following مَرَالاَ خَرَةِ

28: الْوَالُوءَ - الْوَالُوءَ مَا, as al-Ḥasan, al-A'mash and Ibn Waththab, though some say he read أولى or أول or الول أول.

39/40: قَاتَلُولَ - يَقْتَلُونَ, as Ibn Mas ud.

# SURA XXIII

1: أَفْكُولَ لَهُ but others said أَفْكُولَ as Ikrima and al-Jahdari, and others أَفْكُو .

20: تُخْرِجُ ٱلدُّهْنَ - تَنْبُتُ بِٱلدُّهْنِ, as Ibn Mas ud.

67/69: آسمراً - سمراً, as Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

106/108: قَالُوا بَلْ رَبْنَا - قَالُوا رَّنَا عَلَى 106/108 مَا أَوَا بَلْ رَبْنَا - قَالُوا رَّنَا

## SÜRA XXV

48/50: آُرْسَلَ , as Ibn Mas ūd.

49/51: لِنُشْرَ – لِنُحْتِي, as Ibn Mas ad, Ibn Qais and Ibn Dharr.

. يُضاعِف ٱلْعَلَاتِ - يُضَعَفْ لَهُ ٱلْعَلَابُ : 69

74: دُرِيَّنَا - دُرِيَّنَا , the reading of Abū 'Amr, Hamza and al-Kisā'ī.

# SURA XXVI

4/3: فَظَلَتْ, as Ibn Mas'iid and Ibn Dharr.

81: وإِذَا مِتُ فَهُوَ يُحْيِينِي - وَإَلَّذِي يُسِينِي أُمَّ يُحْيِينِ, as Ibn Mas and Ibn Dharr.

111: كَاتُمَا اللَّهُ مِنْ مَا اللَّهُ مِنْ مَا اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّ

# SURA XXVII

14: عُلِيًّا , as Ubai and Abū'l-ʿĀlīya, though some said he read عَالِيًّا as Ibn Masʿūd.

as Ibn Khuthaim. لَتَقُولَنَّ - لَنَقُولَنَّ - لَنَقُولَنَّ عَلَى but some said he read لَتَقُولَنَّ عَلَى 18

66/68: بَل آدَرك بَل أَدَّرك بَل آدَرك بَل آدَرك بَل آدَرك بَل آدَارك , as al-Ḥasan and al-A raj.

81/83: عَدِى ٱلْعُمْنَ - بِهَدِى ٱلْعُمْنَ supporting the reading of Hamza.

## SÜRA XXVIII

7/6: مَإِذَا خَشِيْتِ أَنْ تُسْمَعَ عَلَيْكِ - فِإِذَا خِنْتِ عَلَيْهِ, as Ubai and Ibu Khuthaim.

as Ibn Mas ud. سَاحِرَان ٱظَّاهَرًا - سِحْرَان تَظَاهَرًا : 48

61: أَمَنُ - أَفَهَنْ, as Ibn Mas ud.

66: يَسَاءَلُونَ - يَسَاءَلُونَ , as Ibn Mas'ūd and Abū'l-Jawzā'.

82: كَنُسَفَ – لَخَسَفَ, as Ibn Masʿūd and al-Aʿmash, though some said he read لَنْخُسفَ as Abū Rajāʾ.

# SÜRA XXIX

58: مُنْوِينَهُمْ - لَنُوْيِنَهُمْ, supporting the Kūfan reading with Ibn Mas 'ūd and 'Alī.

# SURA XXX

11/10: يَبْدِيء – يَبْدَق , as Ibn Mas ad.

## SŪRA XXXI

14/13: غُنصَالُهُ -- وَفِصَالُهُ , as al-Hasan, Abū Rajā and al-Jahdarī.

27/26: وَيَعْرُ - وَالْبَعْرُ , as Ubai and Ibn Mas ad.

# SŪRA XXXIII

20: بَدَّى – بَادُونَ, as Ibn 'Abbās, Ibn Qais and Ibn Mas'ūd.

56: عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهِ - صَلَّوا عَلَيْهِ كَمَا صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ - صَلُّوا عَلَيْهِ , as Ibn Khuthaim. See Ibn Mas Tid.

# SÜRA XXXIV

1: وَلَهُ الْمُدَدُ فِي omitting وَلَهُ اللَّذِينَا وَالْآخِرَةُ - وَلَهُ الْمُدَدُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ . So Ibn Khuthaim.

14/13: مَا لَيثُول حَوْلًا - مَا لَمِثُول . So Ibn Khuthaim.

37/36: اَلْفُرُفَةِ - اَلْفُرُفَةِ, supporting the reading of Hamza.

51/50: يَأْخُذُ مُ آخِذُ though some said he read أَخُذُ أَخُذُ أَخُذُ أَخُذُ لَا اللهِ Ibn Mas ud.

# SÜRA XXXV

as Ibn Mas'iid. وَمِن أَرَّكِي فِإِنَّهَا يَزَكِّي - مَنْ تَزَكِّي فِإِنَّهَا يَتَزَكِّي . 18/19

. آلَّذِي وَرَّنَنَا ٱلْأَرْضَ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ - ۚ ٱلَّذِي أَحَلَّنَا دَارَ ٱلْمُهَامَةِ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ : 85/32 . So Ibn Khuthaim.

# SURA XXXVI

. يُردْنِيَ – يُردْنِ : 23/22

35: عَمَاتُ supporting the Kūfan reading.

55: فَاكِهِينَ - فَكِهُونَ , as Ibn Mas'ııd and al-A'mash.

56: ظَلَلِ - ظَلَلْ, supporting the Kūfan reading.

65: See Ibn Mas'nd's reading.

83: مَلَكُون مَلَكُون, as Ibn Mas'iid, an--Nakha'ī and al-A'mash.

# SÜRA XXXVII

134: He read the verse إِلَّا عَجُوزًا as Ibn Khuthaim.

. تَذْكُرُونَ – تَذَكَّرُونَ : 155

### SŪRA XXXVIII

46: بخالصة بيخالصة, as al-A'mash.

#### SŪRA XXXIX

عَدْهُ - عَدْهُ . So read also by Mujāhid and Ibn Waththāb.

#### SÜRA XLI

35: اَلْاَقَاعَ لَيْ مَا يَلْاَقَاعِي , so read by Ibn Mas wid, Ibn Dharr and Abū Ḥaṣīn.

47: تُمَرَّةً - تُمَرَّاتٍ; supporting the Kufan reading.

53: مَنْزيهم - سَنْريهم , as Ibn Khuthaim.

### SÜRA XLIII

33/32: مَعَارِجَ مِعَارِجٍ, as Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Qais.

as Ibn Khuthaim. تُحْشَرُونَ - تُرْجَعُونَ , as

### SÜRA XLV

5/4: آلرّ بح - ألرّ بَاح, supporting the Kūfan reading.

23/22: عَشُوةً - غَشُوةً, supporting the Kufan reading.

# SURA XLVIII

9: وُسَيِّحُوا اللهِ as Ubai and Ibn Mas Tid.

15: عَلَمْ اللهِ عَلَى as Ibn Mas ud and the Kufans.

#### SŪRA XLIX

: تَرْشُدُونَ - تُرْحُمُونَ, as Ibn Khuthaim.

12: تَجَسُول - So Mu'adh and Ibn Khuthaim.

#### SÜRA L

19/18: أَكُونَ بِأَلْمُونَ - ٱلْمَوْتِ بِأَلْمُونَ إِلَّكُونَ إِلَّكُونَ بِأَلْكُونَ بِأَلْكُونَ اللهِ

#### SÜRA LI

25: المَارِّ مَارِّ , as al-A'mash, an-Nakha'i and Sa'id b. Jubair.

# SÜRA LII

21: مُ اَلْتَنَاهُ وَ , as Ubai and Ibn Mas ud, though some said he read اَلْتَنَاهُمُ .

# SURA LIII

50/51: عَادًا ٱلْأُولِيّ , as Ibn Mas ad.

لَيْسَ لَهَا مِيًّا يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ آللهِ – لَيْسَ لَهَا مِنْ دُونِ ٱللهِ كَاشِفَةُ : 58 كَيْسَ لَهَا مِنْ دُونِ ٱللهِ كَاشِفَةُ : 58 كَيْسَ لَهَا مِنْ دُونِ ٱللهِ كَاشِفَةُ وَهِيَ عَلَى ٱلظَّالِمِينَ سَاءِتِ ٱلْغَاشِيَةُ

### SÜRA LIV

وَلَقُدْ وَقَيْنَا أَهْلَهُ after which he added لِمَنْ شَكَرَ لِي - مَنْ شَكَرَ :35 وَلَقَدْ وَقَيْنَا أَهْلَهُ الْفَدْرِ So read also by Ibn Khuthaim.

### SURA LV

. ٱللُّوْلَةِ or some said ٱللُّولِي ﴿ - ٱللَّوْلُو : 22

43, 44: He read here كُنْتُمْ بِهَا تُكَنِّيَانِ تَصْلَيانِهَا لَا تَبُوتَانِ فِيهَا وَلاَ تَحْيَانِ اللهِ مُنْهَا لَا تَبُوتَانِ مِنْهُما . It was so read also by Ibn Khuthaim. See Ibn Mas tid. Some said that for يَطُوفُونَ he read يَطُوفُونَ (?) يَطُوفُونَ he read تَطُوفُانِ اللهِ like Ibn Mas tid.]

# SURA LVI

12: حنة - منة.

50: Between 50 and 51 he added a verse كَلَّ إِنْ نَحْنُ إِلَّا مُكَنَّرِبُونَ as did Ibn Khuthaim also.

### SÜRA LVIII

8/9: وَيَنْتَجُونَ - وَيَنْتَجُونَ, like Ibn Mas ud supporting the reading of Hamza.

### SÜRA LIX

4: يُشَافِقْ - يُشَافِقْ, as Ibn Mas ud and Abu Haşın.

5: قَوْمًا - قَائِمَةً as Ibn Mas ud.

7: ゾ 美一 知, as Ibn Mas ūd, Ibn Qais and Abū Ḥaṣīn.

9: وَيُصِيقُونَ - وَيُوْرِزُونَ . So Abū Mijlaz and Ibn Khuthaim.

10: غَزًا – غلاً, as Ubai and Ibn Mas ūd.

21: اَمْدَعًا مُعَدِّعًا مُعَدِّعًا مُعَدِّعًا اللهِ as Ibn Mas ud and Abu Hasin.

# SÜRA LX

اللَّا هُنَّ يَحْلُلُنَ لَهُم - حِلُّ لَهُمْ : 10

#### SÜRA LXI

6: سَاحِرٌ - بَعَلَى, supporting the reading of the Kūfans as did
Ibn Mas'ūd.

### SÜRA LXII

9: فَأَمْضُوا - فَأَسْعَوْ , as Ubai, Ibn Mas'ud and Ibn 'Abbas.

as Ubai. مِنَ ٱلتِّجَارَةِ لِلَّذِينَ ٱنَّفُوا – مِنَ ٱلنِّجَارَةِ :11

### SÜRA LXV

1: إِلَّا أَنْ يَفْحُشْنَ - إِلَّا أَنْ يَأْتِينَ بِفَاحِشَةٍ مُبَيِّنَةٍ 1.

2: آجَلَهُنَّ – أَجَلَهُنَّ, as Ibn Khuthaim.

4: آجَالُهُنَّ - أَجَالُهُنَّ , as Ibn Mas ud, ad-Daḥḥāk and Ibn Sirīn.

#### SÜRA LXVI

4: اَنَظُهُرًا لَهُ though some said he supported TR.

# SÜRA LXVII

- 3: تَغُونَة تَغُونَة, like Ibn Mas upporting the Kufan reading.
- . تشهيز شهيز .8
- 22: أُمَّنُ أَ though some said that this refers to v. 20 where he read أُمَنُ instead of أُمَنْ أُ.

# SÜRA LXVIII

'32: أَنْ يُبْدِلَنَا , as Ibn Khuthaim.

# SÜRA LXXII

2: يَدْعُو – يَهْدِى. So Ibn Khuthaim.

# SÜRA LXXVI

21: مُالِيِّتُمُ مُ الْمِيِّمُ, as Ibn Mas ud and Zaid b. 'Alī

# SÜRA LXXVII

41: ظَلَلِ – ظَلَلْ , as al-A'mash, az-Zuhrī and al-A'raj.

# SURA LXXVIII

- 23: اَبْثِينَ اللهِ Ike Ibn Mas ad supporting the reading of Hamza.
- 35: آ تَسْبَعُ لاَ يَسْبَعُونَ . So Ibn Khuthaim.

# SURA LXXX

10: تَلَهَى – تَلَهَى , or some say he read .

# SÜRA LXXXVIII

16: مَبْثُونَةٌ مُتَّكِئِينَ فِيهَا نَاعِمِينَ - مَبْثُونَةٌ . So Sa'id b. Jubair and Ibn Khuthaim.

# SÜRA XCII

14: تَلَظَّى - تَلَظَّى. So read by Ibn az-Zubair and Zaid b. Alī.

### SURA XCV

2: سينى, as Ibn Mas ud, Umar and al-Ḥasan.

### SÜRA CIV

9: عَمْدِ as Ibn Mas'ūd.

# SÜRA CVIII

1: أَعْطَيْنَكُ - أَعْطَيْنَكُ , as al-Ḥasan and Ibn Muḥaiṣin.

# CODEX OF TKRIMA † 105

Tkrima Abū 'Abdallah the Berber slave of Ibn 'Abbās is famous in Qur'ānic science, where his numerous exegetical traditions were considered as carrying on the tradition of the School of Ibn 'Abbās'). Our only information as to his having had a Codex is the statement in Ibn Abī Dāwīd p. 89 who quotes from it a variant on Sūra II. 217/214. He is noted in the Tabaqāt books, however, as having had a riwāya fī hurūf and as being a famous hurūf authority').

Although closely associated with Ibn 'Abbās, he was also said to have taken readings from Abū Huraira and Ibn 'Umar, the latter of whom he consulted for his  $ra^2i$  not for his  $riu\bar{u}ya$  since he was suspected of Khārijite leanings. He is included in the lists of the early Meccan  $Qurr\bar{u}$ ' (Nashr I, 8) and it may well be that his Codex was associated with the beginnings of the Meccan text tradition. From the stories of his wide travelling in search of knowledge it is likely that his Codex would be eelectic, and this, as we know, was characteristic of the early Meccan School.

## SÜRA I

7/6: مَنْ – ٱلَّذِينَ, as Ibn Mas'ūd and al-Aswad. 7: وَغَبْر – وَلاً, as 'Alī, Ubai and al-Aswad.

#### SURA II

70/65: الْبَقَرَ – ٱلْبَقَرَ (see Ibn Jaisch 674). So read by Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

97/91: جبريل , though some say he read جبريل as Ibn Abbas.

177/172: وَٱلصَّارِينَ - وَٱلصَّارِينَ, as al-Ḥasan, al-Jaḥdarī and others. See Ibn Mas ūd.

184/180: يُطَيَّقُونَهُ مَّ as Mujāhid and Ibn Abbas, but others said he read يُطَيِّقُونَهُ others يُطَيِّقُونَهُ others يُطَيِّقُونَهُ others يُطَيِّقُونَهُ others يُطَيِّقُونَهُ and others . يَطَوَّقُونَهُ

as Abū's-Sammāl. وَقَتْلِ فِيهِ قُلْ قَتْلُ - وَقَتَالِ فِيهِ قُلْ قِتَالْ عَنِيهِ قُلْ قِتَالْ عَلَا

233: تَضَارَ بَهُ مَارِرْ مَنْ مَارِرْ مَنْ مَارِرْ مَنْ مَالِّمَارُ بَهُ مَارِرْ مَنْ مَارِّدُ بَهُ مَارِّدُ مَنْ مَارِّدُ بَهُ مَارِّدُ مِنْ مَارِّدُ مِنْ مَارِّدُ مِنْ مَارِّدُ مِنْ مَالْمُ عَلَى مُعَالِّمُ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ مُعَالِّمُ عَلَى مُعَلِّمُ عَلَى مُعَالِّمُ عَلَى مُعَالِّمُ عَلَى مُعَالِّمُ عَلَى مُعَالِّمُ عَلَى مُعَالِّمُ عَلَى مُعَالِّمُ عَلَى مُعَلِّمُ عَلَى مُعْلِمُ عَلَى مُعْلِمُ عَلَى مُعَلِيعًا عَلَى مُعَلِيعًا عَلَى مُعْلِمُ عَلَى مُعِلَى مُعْلِمُ عَلَى مُعْلِمُ عَلَمُ عَلَى مُعْلِمُ عَلَى مُعْلِمُ عَلَى مُعْلِمُ عَلَمُ عَلِمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلِمُ عَلَمُ عَلِمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلِمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ ع

283: فَإِنْ أَمْ تَعِدُولَ كِتَابًا - وَأَمْ تَعِدُولَ كَاتِبًا , as ad-Daḥḥāk, Mujāhid and Ibn Abbās

أَوْمُونُ - فَرَهُنْ - فَرَهُنْ , given also from Shahr b. Hawshab.

# SŪRA III

175/169: مُخَوِّفُكُمُ أَوْلِيَاهِ ، مُخَوِّفُكُمُ أَوْلِيَاهِ ، مُخَوِّفُ أَوْلِيَاء ، as Ibn Mas ud, Ibn Abbas and Aṭa.

<sup>1)</sup> He composed a book on Nuzūl which gave the tradition of Ibn Abbās (Fihrist, 38) and also a Commentary on the Qur'an embodying that tradition (Fihrist, 34.)

<sup>2)</sup> Ibn al-Jazarī, Tabaqāt I, 515.

#### SŪRA IV

102/103: مُنْعَالِكُمْ - أَمْنِعَالِكُمْ . So Saʿīd b. Jubair.

162/160: وَٱلْمُقِيمُونَ - وَٱلْمُقِيمُونَ , as Ubai, Ibn Mas ud and Sa id b. Jubair.

# SURA V

95/96: نُو – ذَي So read by Jafar aṣ-Ṣādiq.

#### SÜRA VI

. بشرك - بظلم: 82

93: اَلْهُوَانِ - اَلْهُونِ. So Ibn Mas ud.

105: مَرْسَتَ - كَرْسَتَ, as Ibn Abbas and Alī.

#### SŪRA VII

26/25: ريانيًا – ريشا, as Ibn Abbās, Mujāhid and others.

49/47: دَخُلُوا - آدُخُلُوا بَيْنَ which some gave from Talha.

143/139: أَمَاعِقًا – صَعِفًا Nahīk and al-Jaḥdarī.

145/142: سَأُورِيكُمْ - سَأُورِيكُمْ, as Ibn Abbas and Muʿadh.

يَّسِ - بَيْسٍ, as Abū's-Sammāl and al-A'mash.

#### SÜRA VIII

1: يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْأَنْفَالِ مِنْ أَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْأَنْفَالِ عَنِ ٱلْأَنْفَالِ بَعْ , as Ibn Mas 'ūd, Ṭalḥa and others.

27: كَأَنْتُكُمْ وَأَمَانِتُكُمْ , as Mujāhid and Yaḥyā b. Waththāb.

60/62: تُخْزُونَ - تُرْهِبُونَ, as Ibn ʿAbbās and Mnjāhid, though some say he read يُرْهِبُونَ.

# SÜRA IX

3: يَّذُنُ - أَذَانُ as aḍ-Ḍaḥḥāk and al-Jaḥdarī.

. لَا يَرْفُبُونَ فِي مُوْمِنِ إِيلًا – لاَ يَرْفُبُوا فِيكُمْ إِلاًّ :8

83/84: آگفانین – آگفانین , as Ibn as-Samaifa' and Abū Nahīk.

. أَنْ تَقْطَعَ قُلُومُهُمْ فِي ٱلْقَبْرِ - أَنْ تَقَطَّعَ قُلُومُهُمْ : 110/111

### SÜRA XI

32/34: جَدَالُنَا , as Ibn Abbas and others.

46/48: أَيْدُ عَمِلَ غَيْرُ or some say إِنَّهُ عَمِلَ عَمَلًا غَيْرُ as al-Kisā'ī and Ya'qūb.

#### SŪRA XIII

مِنْ أَمْرِ ٱللهِ – مِنْ أَمْرِ ٱللهِ بِ 11/12: مِنْ أَمْرِ اللهِ إِللهِ عَلَيْ 11/12: إِنَّا مُرِ اللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ 11/12: إِنَّا مُرْ اللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ 11/12:

31/30: يَتْبَيَّنِ – يَأْيُثَّس , as ʿAlī, Ibn ʿAbbās and al-Jaḥdarī.

42: سَيْعَامُ ٱلْكَافِرُ - سَيَعْلَمُ ٱلْكَافِرُ مِنْ as Muʿādh, al-Jahdarī and others.

#### SÜRA XIV

50/51: فَطُرُانِ, as Ibn ʿAbbās, Qatāda and Saʿīd b. Jubair, though some said he read فَطَرَانِ.

#### SÜRA XVI

6: حينًا (bis) – حين . So aḍ-Ḍaḥḥāk and al-Jaḥdarī.

#### SÜRA XVII

#### SURA XVIII

19/18: يَشْهُرَنَّ بِكُمْ أَحَدَّ - يَشْهُرَنَّ بِكُمْ أَحَدًّ . So read by Mu'adh and Abū Nahik.

51/49: مَتَحَدًّا مَتَحَدًّا. So 'Alī and Abū'l-Mutawakkil.

77/76: يَقْضَ - يَنْقَضَ . So 'Alī, az-Zuhrī and many others.

## SŪRA XIX

71/72: مُنْهُ - مُنْهُ , as Ibn 'Abbās.

#### XX

12: طُوَّى though some said he read طَاوِى – طُوَّى as al-Hasan and al-A mash.

78/81: مَشَاهُمْ and مَشَاهُمْ and مَشَاهُمْ and مَاتُمُ So Abu Raja and

84/86: أُولَى - أُولَاء, as Mu'ādh and 'Isā ath-Thaqafī.

# SÜRA XXI

32/33: الْمِنْيَة — الْمِنْيِة So Mujāhid, ad-Daḥḥāk al-Jaḥdarī.

48/49: ضِياء - وضِياء , as Ibn 'Abbas and ad-Dahhak.

79: الْهَنْهُ اللهِ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِي عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلِي عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلِيْ

95: مُرَمَ or some said مُرَمَ or حَرَامَ or حَرَامَ .

# SURA XXII

. as Ibn Mas ad. وَالْمُقْيِمِينَ ٱلصَّلُواةَ - وَٱلْمُقْيِمِي ٱلصَّلُواةِ : 35/36

. صَلْوِيقًا or some said صِلْوِينًا or some said صِلَوْنَاء - صَلَوَاتْ : 40/41

#### SŪRA XXIII

67/69: سنبراً, as Ibn Mas and Abū Ḥaiwa, though some said he read المنبراً.

#### SŪRA XXIV

35: دُرِين – دُرِّي , as Saʿīd b. Jubair, Yaḥyā b. Yaʿmar and Qatāda.

# SÜRA XXVII

8: أَبُورِكَمْتِ ٱلنَّارُ وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا مِنَ ٱلْمَلَاثِكَةِ – بُورِكَ مَنْ فِي ٱلنَّارِ وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا : 8 So Ubai and Ibn Mas Tud.

25: اَكُنَا - الْكُنا, as Ibn Mas ud and Malik b. Dinar.

هُوَرُكَ - بَلِ آدَارَكَ , as Qatāda and Ibn Muḥaiṣin.

### SÜRA XXVIII

48: سَاحِرَان تَظَاهَرًا - سِعْرَان تَظَاهَرًا , as Ibn Abbas.

82: كَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ . So Abū'l-Jawzā' and Abū'l-ʿĀlīya.

# SŪRA XXX

17/16: حين (bis) – حين, as in XVI. 6.

40: الْبُحُور – الْبِحْر, as Ibn Mas dd.

## SÜRA XXXIII

6: مُو أَنْ لَكُمْ - مُو أَنْ مَعْ وَهُو أَبُ لَهُمْ - أَنْسِمْ وَهُو أَبُ لَهُمْ اللهِ ( as Ubai, Ibn Mas ud and Ibn

# SÜRA XXXVI

38: پَمْسَنَقْر – پُمْسَنَقْر ), as Ibn Mas ad Atā.

## SÜRA XXXIX

29/30: سَالِهَا , as Ibn 'Abbās and Ibn Mas'ūd, but some said he read like Sa'id b. Jubair سُلَهًا.

# SÜRA XLIII

61: كُلُّ - كُلُّلُة.

# SÜRA XLVI

4/3: أَثَرَةٍ - أَثَرَةٍ, as Ibn Mas'ūd, Ibn 'Abbās and al-Ḥasan.

# SÜRA XLVII

4/5: فداء, which was the Meccan reading.

16/18: أَنْنَا - النَّا, as Humaid b. Qais, Ibn Muhaisin and Isā ath-Thaqafī.

# SURA LVII

29: إِنَّا يَعْلَمُ عَلَى عَلَمُ عَلَى عَلَمُ عَلَى عَلَمُ عَلَى عَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى الْعَلَمُ عَلَى

# SÜRA LVIII

11/12: مَفَاسَحُوا مَ تَفَاسَحُوا , as Ubai, Ibn Qais and al-Ḥasan.

### SÜRA LX

11: فَعَقَبْتُمْ - فَعَاقَبْتُمْ . So al-Ḥasan and al-A raj, but some said

# SŪRA LXV

1: عَلَيْهُ مِينَا بِفَاحِشَةٍ مَينَةٍ عَلَيْهُ - يَأْنِينَ بِفَاحِشَةٍ مَينَةٍ as Ibn Mas ud and Ubai.

# SŪRA LXVI

3: عَرَافَ – عَرَافَ, as Ibn as-Samaifa'. See also Ibn Mas'ūd.

. تَنظَاهَرًا - إَنظَاهَرًا : 4

#### SÜRA LXXII

3: أَدِّ رَبِّنَا - جَدُّ رَبِّنَا or some said الْأَرْبُنَا - جَدُّ رَبِّنَا - جَدُّ رَبِّنَا - عَدْ

# SŪRA LXXVII

32: بِشَرَارٍ بِ بِشَرَرٍ, as Ibn 'Abbās, Ibn Dharr and Abū Ḥaṣīn.

# SURA LXXVIII

1: آهُ - عُمَّا, as Ubai, Ibn Mas ud and Isa ath-Thaqaf i.

14: مِنَ ٱلْمُعْصِرَاتِ, as Ibn 'Abbas and Ibn az-Dubair.

### SÜRA LXXXIX

29: في عَبَادِي , as Ibn ʿAbbās, Ubai and aḍ-Ṭaḥḥāk.

#### SÜRA XC

1: لَا تُسِمُ - لاَ أَفْسِمُ , as al-Ḥasan and al-A mash.

# SURA XCVII

4: مُرِّع or آمْرِ or آمْرِ as Ibn 'Abbās, 'Alī and Abū 'l-'Ālīya.

# SŪRA XCIX

· يَرَاهُ - يَرَهُ : 8 ·

### SÜRA CVI

(لَتَأْلُفَ or لِيَأْلُفَ قُرَيْشٌ – لِإِيلَافِ قُرَيْشِ: 1

# CODEX OF MUJĀHID † 101

Mujāhid b. Jabr al-Makhzūmī was a Follower and mawlā to 'Abdallah b. Sā'ib al-Makhzūmī. His fame in Qur'ān recitation gained him the name of al-Muqri'.

He is said to have taken his reading from Ibn 'Abbās with whom he collated his material three times'), but he was also associated with 'Ubaid b. 'Umair and the beginnings of the Meccan School, among whose early Readers he is listed (Nashr I, 8). He had an ikhtiyār of his own which he taught not only to the later leaders of the Meccan School Ibn Muḥaiṣin († 123) and Ibn Kathīr († 120), but also to al-Acmash († 148) the Kūfan and Abū 'Amr († 154) of Baṣra.

That he had a Codex we know only from its being listed in Ibn Abî D $\overline{a}$ w $\overline{u}$ d p. 89.

### SÜRA II

70/65: مَشَبَّة - تَشَبَّة or مُتَّبَّة , see also the readings of Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

85/79: تَعْظَهُرُونَ - تَظْهَرُونَ for يَتْظَهَّرُونَ). - So Qatāda and al-Ḥasan.

106/100: كَنْسَا مَا . So Ibn Abbas, Ubai and Abū Amr.

يَطُوَّ قُونَهُ others أَيْطَيِّقُونَهُ but others said أَيْطَيِّقُونَهُ وَلَهُ مِلْقُونَهُ others يَطَيِّقُونَهُ others يَطَيِّقُونَهُ and others يَطَيِّقُونَهُ See also Ibn Abbas.

187/183: اَلْهَسَاجِدِ, as read by al-Amash and ash-Shabi.

213/209: إِنْكُمْ أَنْتُ - لِيَحْكُمُ 213/209.

. تَقْبِيتًا مِنْ بَعْضِ أَنْفُسِمْ but some said he read بَنْبِيتًا مِنْ بَعْضِ أَنْفُسِمْ but some said he read

282: يْضَارْ بْ مِنْمَارْ, as Umar and Ibn Abbas.

283: فَإِنْ لَمْ تَجِدُولَ كِنَابًا - وَأَمْ تَجِدُولَ كَابًا ، as Ibn Abbas, ad-Dahhak and Ikrima.

. فَرُهُنْ – فَرِهَانْ

# SŪRA III

7:/68: يُؤدِّهُ – يُؤدِّهُ, as Qatāda and some said Ḥamza.

81/75: النَّبِيِّينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ - النَّبِيِّينَ , as Ibn Mas ad Ubai.

97/91: تَالَيْتُ بَيْنَةً مِينَةً مِنْ , as Ibn Abbas and Ubai.

# SÜRA IV

31/35: كَبِير - كَبَائِر, as Ibn Abbās and Sa id b. Jubair.

34/38: الْمَضَاحِع أَرْمُضَاحِع أَرْمُضَاحِع أَرْمُضَاحِع أَرْمُضَاحِع أَرْمُضَاحِع أَرْمُضَاحِع أَرْمُضَاحِع

90/92: فَلَقَتَلُوكُمْ - فَلَقَتَلُوكُمْ . So read also by al-Hasan.

<sup>1)</sup> On his connections see Nawawi, 540 and Ibn al-Jazari,  $Tabaq\bar{a}t$ , II, 41.

#### SÜRA VI

. وَعُلَّمْتُمْ مَعْشَرَ ٱلْعَرَبِ - وَعُلَّمْتُمْ : 91

94: عَلَّمَ مَا لَمَ يَعَلَّمُ so Ibn Mas'ūd and al-A'mash."

105: دَرُسْتَ, as ʿAlī, Ibn ʿAbbās, Ibn Kathīr and Abū ʿAmr.

## SURA VII

20/19: سَوَّةَ إِمَا Also in v. 21. So read by al-Ḥasan and Zaid b. Alī.

26/25: رِيَامًا بِياً - رِيامًا, as Ibn Abbas, al-Ḥasan and others.

38/36: اَذَرَكُوا اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّا

. تَشَاءمُوا - يَطَيَّرُوا : 131/128

158: كَلَمْتِهِ - كَلَمْتِهِ. So read by sa ath-Thaqafi.

# SÜRA VIII

11: يَغْشَاكُمُ ٱلنَّعَاسُ - يُغْشَيِّكُمُ ٱلنَّعَاسُ , supporting the reading of Ibn Kathīr and Abū 'Amr.

27: أَمَانَتُكُمْ - أَمَانَتُكُمْ, as Yaḥyā b. Waththāb, Tkrima and others.

30: اِيُعْبِدُوكَ - لِيُعْبِدُوكَ , as Qatāda and as-Suddī.

62: تُخْزُونَ - تُرْهِبُونَ, as Ibn 'Abbas and Ikrima, though some said he read يُرْهِبُونَ.

### SÜRA IX

17: مَسْجِدَ بَمَاجِدَ, supporting the reading of Ibn Kathīr and Abū 'Amr.

37: النَّسَوِة - النَّسَوِة, a reading given also from as-Sulamī and Talha.

47: كَأُوْفَضُوا - لَأَوْفَضُوا - لَأَوْفَعُوا . So Mhd. b. Zaid.

#### SÜRA X

76/77: مَاحر – لَسَحْر So Said b. Jubair and al-A mash.

81: مُّالَّسِتُوْرُ - ٱلْسِتَّوْرُ supporting the reading of Abū Amr and Abū Jafar.

### SÜRA XI

5: مُثْنُونَى صُدُورُهُمْ - يَثْنُونَى صُدُورُهُمْ - يَثْنُونَ صُدُورَهُمْ say they read يَشْنُونِي others يَشْنُونِي or لَيْشُنُونِي others يَشْنُونِي

. رَأْيِ ٱلْعَيْنِ - ٱلرَّأْيِ الْعَيْنِ .

86/87: عَيْنَةُ - عَيْنَةُ, as Ibn Abbas and al-Ḥasan.

. ٱلْفُرَى بِظُلْمٍ - ٱلْفُرَى: 102/104

as Ibn Muhaisin. وَزُلْفًا ar some say وَزُلْفًا - وَزُلْفًا : 114/116

## SÜRA XII

7: تاينة - ماينة, supporting the reading of the Meccans.

10: غَيْبَةُ , a reading given by some from Abū Amr. So in v. 15.

72: مَاعَ – مَوَاعَ, as Abū Huraira, Qatāda and ad-Daḥḥāk.

# SŪRA XIII

لَهُ مُعَقِّبَاتُ مِنْ خَلْفِهِ وَرَقِيتَ - لَهُ مُعَقِّبَتْ مِنْ يَسْ يَدَيْهِ وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِ : 11/12 كَهُ مُعَقِّبَاتُ مِنْ يَسْ يَدَيْهِ وَمِنْ يَسْ يَدَيْهِ . See Ibn 'Abbās.

31: مُارِهِمْ – دَارِهِمْ So Said b. Jubair.

# SÜRA XIV

46/47: وَإِنْ كَانَ عَالَ . So Ibn Mas ud, Alī and Umar.

# SÜRA XVI

76/78: يُوَجِهُ مِيْ as Ibn Mas ud, Alqama, and Talha, but some said مُوَجَهُ

### SÜRA XVII

اغَرَهُ ، عَالَمُ مَ as al-Ḥasan and Abū Rajā. طَيْرَهُ ، طَائِرَهُ ، طَائِرَهُ ، كَتَابً مَا يَكُمُ مَ مَ خَرُجُ ، . . كِتَابً مَ الْجَرْجُ ، . . كِتَابً مَ الْجَرْجُ ، . . كِتَابً مَ مَ خُرُجُ ، as Ibn 'Abbās and al-Ḥasan.

#### SÜRA XVIII

105: أَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ So Mu'adh and Abū'l-Jawzā'. وَزُنَّ - نَتْمُ ... وَزُنَّا

109: امَدَدًا and مَدَدًا مَدَدًا . So Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Abbas.

# SÜRA XIX

6: أَوْيَرِثُ - وَبَرِثُ. See also the reading of Ibn Abbas.

8/9: المَّسَة, as Ubai, Ibn 'Abbas and Ibn Mas'ūd. Also in v. 70.

# SÜRA XX

69/72: کَیْدُ سِحْرِ - کَیْدُ سَحْرِ , as Ibn Mas ْud and Zaid b. 'Alī. 112/111: فَلاَ يَخَلَفْ , as Ibn Kathīr and Ibn Muḥaiṣin.

# SÜRA XXI

32/33: المِثْمَاء - المِثَمَّاء . So Ikrima, aḍ-Daḥḥāk and al-Jaḥdarī.

### SÜRA XXII

11: خَسِرَ - خَسِرَ, as Ṭalḥa, Abū Razīn and Ibn Abī 'Abla. It involves وَٱلْاَخْرَةِ

27/28: أَجُالًا or أَجُالًا , as Ibn 'Abbās.

36/37: صَوَا فَنَ مَوَا فَنَ , as Ibn Mas ud, Ibn Abbas and Ibn umar, though some said he read عَوَا في as Ubai.

. صُلُوتًا or صُلُوتًا or صُلُواتًا but others said صُلُوتًا م صَلَوَاتَ : 40/41.

### SÜRA XXIII

67/69: سَمَر, as Ibn Mas ud, Ibn Abbas and Ibn Umar.

# SURA XXIV

32: عَبِيدِكُمْ - عَبِيدِكُمْ , as al-Ḥasan.

43: مِلْأَنِي مِعْلَانَ , as Ibn Mas'ūd and Abū'l-'Ālīya.

# SŪRA XXVI

. مُتَفَرِّ هينَ - فَلْرِهِينَ : 149

. as Ibn Mas tid. وَقَوَاعَدُنَا أَنْ نُوْسِهُ أَهْلَهُ - فَنَجَيْنَهُ وَأَهْلَهُ : 170

227/228: أَيُّ مُتَقَلَّب يَتَقَلَّبُونَ - أَيٌّ مُنْقَلَب يَنْقَلِبُونَ. So Ibn Mas tid and others.

# SŪRA XXVII

ُّ بُورِكَتِ ٱلنَّالُرُ وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا مِنَ – بُورِكَ مَنْ فِي ٱلنَّارِ وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا :8 أَبُورِكَتِ ٱلنَّالُرُ وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا مِنَ – بُورِكَ مَنْ فِي ٱلنَّارِ وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا :8

66/68: بَلْ أَدْرَكَ بَلُ أَدْرَكَ Amr and Ibn Kathīr, but some said أَمْ تَدَارَكَ as Ubai or أَمْ أَدْرَكَ .

## SÜRA XXXIII

6: أَنْسِيمُ وَهُوَ أَبُ لَهُمْ - أَنْسِيمُ وَهُوَ أَبُ لَهُمْ - أَنْسِيمُ وَهُوَ أَبُ لَهُمْ اللهِ أَنْسِيمُ

# SŬRA XXXIV

- 5: مُعْجِزِين مُعاجِزِين, supporting the reading of Ibn Kathīr and Abū 'Amr.
- 19/18: بَعْدَ بَعْدُ , as Ibn ʿAbbās and Yaḥyā b. Yaʿmar. It involves رَبُّناً for رَبُّناً

#### SURA XXXVI

as Ubai and Ibn 'Abbas. أيا حَسْرَةَ آلْعِبادِ - يَا حَسْرَةً عَلَى ٱلْعِبَادِ . as Ubai and Ibn 'Abbas.

#### SÜRA XXXVII

103: اَسْلَمْ , as Ibn Mas Tud, Alī and Ibn Abbas.

### SURA XXXVIII

45: عَبْدَنَا و supporting the Meccan reading.

# SÜRA XXXIX

- 3/4: مَا نَعْبَدُهُمْ مَا نَعْبَدُهُمْ , as Ibn Mas'ud and Ibn 'Abbas.
- 29/30: سَالِمًا هَلْ يَسْتُوِيَانِ سَلَمًا لِرَجُلِ هَلْ يَسْتُوِيَانِ see Ibn Mas'īid and Ibn 'Abbās,
- رَوَّالَذِينَ جَاهِ فَا يِالْصِّدْقِ وَصَدَّقُوا بِهِ وَالَّذِي جَاءِ بِالْصِّدْقِ وَصَدَّقَ بِهِ : 33/34, as Ibn Mas°ūd.
- 36/37: عَبْدَهُ عَبْدَهُ as Ṭalḥa and Ibn Waththab.

# SŪRA XL

32/34: اَلْتَنَادِي - ٱلْتَنَادِي - ٱلْتَنَادِي - ٱلْتَنَادِي - ٱلْتَنَادِي - ٱلْتَنَادِي - الْتَنَادِي - الْتَنَ

# SÜRA XLIII

- 32/31: مَعَا بِشَهُمْ مُعَالِثِهُمْ , as Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Abbas.
  - 83: يَلْقُوا يَلْأَقُوا, as Abū Ja far and Ibn Muḥaiṣin.

# SÜRA LI

- 22: وَزْفَكُمْ رِزْفُكُمْ as Ibn Mas ud, Ibn Muḥaisin and Mu adh.
- 44: الصفة المعقة المعقة الصفة as the reading of al-Kisa'i and Ibn Muhaisin.

# SÜRA LII

- 21: مُأْتَنَاهُمْ المُتَنَاهُمُ as Ubai, Ibn Mas ud, Ikrima and Talha.
- عَلَىٰ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُ اللّلِهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلَّا مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلَّا مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلَّا مُلَّا مُلِّهُ مُلْ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلَّا مُلَّا مُلْمُ مُلِّ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ مُلِّ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلَّا مُلْمُ مُلِّ مُلْمُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْ اللَّهُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلِّ مُلْمُ مُلِّ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلِّ مُلْمُلِّ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلِّمُ مُلْمُ مُلْمُ مُلِّ مُل

#### SURA LIII

20: وَمَنْوَةً - وَمَنُوةً, supporting the Meccan reading.

## SÜRA LIX

14: جَدُر and Abū 'Amr, supporting the reading of Ibn Kathīr.

# SÜRA LX

اً عَنْبُتُمْ as al-Hasan, though some said he read فَعَنَّتُمْ - فَعَاقَبْتُمْ

#### SÜRA LXIII

10: گُرُن - يَأْكُون - يَأُون - يَأْكُون يَاكُون - يَأْكُون يَاكُون أَكُون يَاكُون يَاكُون أَكُون يَاكُون أَكُون يُعْرِي أَكُون يَاكُون أَكُون أَكُون يَاكُون أَكُون يَاكُون أَكُون أَكُون يَاكُون أَكُون أَكُون يَاكُون أَكُون أ

## SURA LXV

or some said ِلِقَبْلِ , both like Ibn Abbas.

#### SÜRA LXVI

12: بكَلَمَةِ بِكَلَمَةِ, as al-Ḥasan and al-Jaḥdarı.

### SURA LXVIII

51: لَيُزْ مِقُولَكَ لَـ لَيُزْ مِقُولَكَ لَـ لَيُزْ الْقُولَكَ لَـ لَيُزْ لِقُولَكَ . ( as Ibn Mas Tid, Ibn Abbas and al-A mash.

#### SŪRA LXIX

19: عَمَّا بِيَهُ and following words in مُعَا بِيَهُ . He omitted the ..

### SURA LXX

42: يَكْفَوْ ل يَكْفُونِ ل ع

#### SÜRA LXXVIII

6: مَهْدًا مِهْدًا, as Isā ath-Thaqafī.

14: مِنَ ٱلْمُعْصِرَاتِ, as Ibn ʿAbbās, ʿIkrima and Ibn Masʿūd.

#### SÜRA LXXIX

11: نَاخِرَةً - نَخِرَةً as Ibn Mas'ūd, supporting the Kūfan reading.

#### SÜRA LXXXI

24: بضيين – بضيين as Ibn Mas'ūd, Ibn 'Abbās and 'Alī.

#### SŪRA LXXXIX

29: في عَبْدِي – في عَبْدِي as Ubai, Ibn ʿAbbās and ʿIkrima.

### SURA XC

1: لَا أَفْسَمُ اللهِ as al-Ilasan and al-A mash.

# CODEX OF 'AȚĀ' B. ABĪ RABĀḤ †115

'Aṭā' was a mulatto born at al-Janad and was a client to the Fihr family in Mecca. He was a Follower and a man with a great reputation for asceticism. Though of humble origin he attained to high official post in Mecca.

In Qur'anie matters he is given as a pupil of Abū Huraira († 58) and had the honour of being one of the teachers of the famous Baṣran Reader Abū 'Amr'). He is listed among the early Meccan Readers (Nashr I, 8) and was known to have a riwāya fī hurūf al-Qur'ān. His Codex is undoubtedly a secondary one, and would represent some form of the early Meccan text tradition<sup>2</sup>). Our only actual reference to the Codex is in Ibn Abī Dāwūd, p. 88 but a few readings which must have depended on such a Codex can be gathered from the Commentaries.

# SURA II

106/100: نَسْعَا اللهِ as read by Ubai, Ibn Abbas and Abū Amr.

as Ibn 'Abbās, but others said مُطَوَّقُونَهُ - يُطَوَّقُونَهُ - يُطَيَّقُونَهُ وَمَ or يَنْطَوَّقُونَهُ .

198/194: كَالَحْ عَلَيْكُمْ - لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جَنَاحٌ given also from Ibn Abbas and Ibn az-Zubair.

as Ibn Mas Tid and Ibn مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ ٱلْمُحَجِّ - مِنْ رِبِّكُمْ فِي مَوَاسِمِ ٱلْمُحَجِّ - مِنْ رِبِّكُمْ Abbās.

. فَمَا ظِرْهُ though others say he read فَمَا ظِرْهُ - فَنَظِرَة

<sup>1)</sup> For his connections see Ibn al-Jazarī, Tabaqāt I, 513.

<sup>2)</sup> His text would seem to have had some sort of relationship to that of 'Ubaid b. 'Umair. See supra p. 236.

#### SÜRA III

175/169: هُ أُولِياء هُ مَعْوِقُكُم اللهِ as Ibn Abbas, Ibn Mas id and Ikrima.

## SŬRA IV

117: أَثْنًا or أَنْنًا or أَنْنًا or أَنْنًا 136/135. 136/135: عَمَا بِهِ - كُتُبِهِ as al-Jahdarī, Abū 'l-Jawzā' and others. 160/158: كَانَتْ أُرِحَلَتْ as Ibn 'Abbās.

#### SÜRA VIII

1: يَسْتُلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْأَنْفَالِ مَا as Ibn Mas and others.

## SŪRA IX

17: مَسَاجِد supporting the reading of Ibn Kathīr and Abū Abr.

### SÜRA XVII

بَعْدَك - خِلْاَفْك : 76/78.

#### SÜRA XXII

عرجالاً على - رجالاً as Ibn 'Abbas and Sa'id b. Jubair.

#### SURA XXXVI

38: ﴿ الْمُسْتَقَرَّ - كَا as Ibn Mas'ūd, Ibn 'Abbas and 'Ikrima.

## CODEX OF AR-RABIC B. KHUTHAIM + 64

Ar-Rabī<sup>c</sup> b. Khuthaim (or some said Khaitham) ath-Thawrī was one of the early Kūfan Readers (*Nashr* I, 8), and was known as having a *riwāya fī ḥurūf* from Ibn Mas<sup>c</sup>ūd, which *riwāya* was earried on by his pupil Abū Zur<sup>c</sup>a b. <sup>c</sup>Amr b. Jarīr († 112) <sup>1</sup>).

His Codex is referred to in the  $Tafs\bar{w}$  of al-Alūsī, VII, 13 who says that Sufyān († 161) saw in it the  $sh\bar{a}dhdh$  reading on Sūra V, 89/91 that is quoted from the Codices of Ubai and Ibn Mascūd²). There can be no doubt that his Codex was a secondary one based on that of Ibn Mascūd.

The Commentaries mention but few variants from him. In al-Marandi's Quarat 'Ain al-Quara', however, a very large number of shādhdh readings from him are recorded. Al-Marandi rarely mentions readings of Ibn Mas'ūd, and in general those given in other sources from Ibn Mas'ūd are given by al-Marandi as from Ibn Khuthaim, which would seem to point to the conclusion that it was Ibn Khuthaim's Codex which brought to him in the West the tradition of Ibn Mas'ūd's text.

<sup>1)</sup> Ibn al-Jazari, Tabaqāt I, 283.

<sup>2)</sup> See also as-Suyūtī, Durr II, 314 and al-Qurtubī, Aĥkām II, 263.

#### SÜRA I

4/3: مَالَكُ - مَالِكُ. See also Ibn Mas ud's reading.

6/5: اَلْوَرَاطَ — اَلْوَرَاطَ here and all through the Quran.

### SURA II

2/1: فيه هدى - فيه and similarly all through the Quran.

6/5: 2/4m - 14m. So Ibn Qais and Abū Haṣīn.

63/60: کنیت - کنیت . So read by Ibn Mas ud.

80/74: Limit - Limit as Zaid b. 'Alī and others.

83/77: أحْسَانًا - So Zaid b. Alī and Abū Mijlaz.

يَّا قَلِيلٌ - إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ as Ibn Mas ad.

217/214: عَنْ قِنَالِ - فِتَالِ Mas ud and Ibn Abbas.

267/269: تأميل - تيميل as Ibn Mas ud, Ikrima and Abu Imran.

282: شَهِيدَيْن - شَهِيدَيْن. So Abū Mijlaz and Muʿādh. كَيْنَاكِرَ - فَتُذَاكِرَ - فَتُذَاكِرَ - فَتُذَاكِرَ - فَتُذَاكِرَ - فَتُذَاكِرَ - فَتُذَاكِرَ - فَتُذَاكِرَ

# SURA III

مَنْ مَا عُدَّةً : 35/68 مَتْ مَنْ اللهُ as Ibn Mas ud and Ubai.

81/75: اَلَّذِينَ أُوتُوا ٱلْكِتَابَ – ٱلنَّبِيَّينَ as Ibn Mas and Ubai.

. So read by Abū Mijlaz. يبها أَنُوا . So read by Abū Mijlaz.

# SURA IV

9/10: أَعْفُ - الْعُفُ . So read by as-Sulami.

as Ubai and Ibn Mas ad. مِنْهِنَ إِلَى أَجَلَ مُسَمَّى - مِنْهُنَ as Ubai and Ibn Mas ad.

### SŪRA V

فَمَنْ لَمْ يَجِيدُ مِنْ ذَٰلِكَ شَيْعًا فَصِيَامُ - فَمَنْ لَمْ يَجِدْ فَصِيَامُ ثَلَاثَةِ أَيَّامٍ : 89/91 . ثَلَاثَةِ أَيَّامِ مُنْتَا بِعَلْت

## SÜRA VI

27: وَلاَ نُكَذِّب - وَلاَ نُكَذِّب , as Ubai and Zaid b. 'Alī,

40: غُلْ -. He omitted the word here and also in verses 46 and 47, and in X, 50/51, 59/60: XXVIII, 71, 72: XXXV, 40/38: XXXIX, 39/40: XLI, 52: XLVI, 4/3, 10/9: LXVII, 28, 30.

as Ubai. بِالْغَدَوَاتِ وَالْعَشِيَّاتِ - بِالْغَدَوْةِ وَالْعَشِيِّ :52

59: خُوَلَةُ - مُعَلَّمُ . So Ibn Qais and Abu Imran.

95: عَالِقُ أَكْتَ - قَالِقُ أَكْتَ . So Ibn Mas tid and An-Nakha ti.

99: اَكَا مُتَرَاكِبًا . So Zaid b. 'Alī and al-A'mash.

111: قَبْلًا - as Ibn Mas ad Talha.

125: عُدِّمًا لَمُعَدِّمً as Ibn Mas tid and Talha.

# SÜRA VIII

19: مَانَ اللهُ as Ibn Mas ud.

42/43: النَّصَيَّا - النَّصَيَّا . So Zaid b. 'Alī and Mu'ādh.

59/61: عَسَبُ as Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Qais.

73/74: ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّ

# SÜRA IX

1: He had the Basmala at the head of this Sūra, like Ibn Mas ud and Talha.

19: سَقْلَ - سِقَالَة . So read by Ibn Qais and Abū Imrān.

38: أَنَاقَلْتُمْ - النَّاقَلْتُمْ, as Ibn Mas ud.

50: فَرَحُونَ - فَرِحُونَ . So Ibn Dharr and Abu Ḥaṣīn.

57: مُذَخَلًا - مُذَخَلًا, as Ubai and Mu'ādh.

74/75: كِنَالُوا . So read by Ibn Qais and Abū'l-Barhashim.

90/91: آلْمُعَنَّذِرُونَ - ٱلْمُعَذَّرُونَ. So Ibn Jubair.

91/92: اَلْضُعَالَ with imūla. See also Ubai's reading.

99/100: قُرُبَةً - قُرُبَت (sing.). So Abū Imrān and Abū Ḥaṣīn.

. So read by Abū Ḥaṣīu and Ibn Qais.

. أَمَّنْ - أَفَهَنْ : 109/110

as Talha. وَمَا كَانَ يَسْنَغْفُرُ إِبْرَهِيمَ – وَمَا كَانَ ٱسْتَغْفَارُ إِبْرِهِيمَ = 114/115

as Ibn Mas ad. مَا زَاغَتْ قُلُوبُ - مَا كَادَ يَزِيغُ قُلُوبُ, as Ibn Mas ud.

126/127: أَوْ لاَ تَرى – أَوْلاً يَرَوْنَ with  $im\overline{a}la$ . See also Ibn Mas  $^{c}$ ūd.

# SURA X

10: مُنْكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَبِحَمْدِكَ - سُبْحَانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَبِحَمْدِكَ - سُبْحَنْكَ اللَّهُمَّ :10

. أَجَلَهُمْ as Ibn Mas ud. It necessarily involves , أَخَلَهُمْ عَلَيْ الْعَضَيْنَا لَعُضَيًّا عَلَيْ الْعَالَمَةِ الْعَلَى الْعُلَقِينَا عَلَيْهُمْ أَنْ الْعُلَقِينَا عَلَيْهُمْ الْعُلَقِينَا عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَّهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَّهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهِمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهِ

21/22: رُسُلُهُ مِنْ , as Ubai and Abū Mijlaz.

24/25: وَزْيَالَتْ - وَارَّيَانَتْ . So Ibn Qais. See also Ibn Mas'ūd's reading.

58/59: مِنَا فَرْحُول - فَلْيَفْر حُول as Ubai and Ibn Mas ad.

71/72: مُحْ شُرِكَاء كُمْ - وَشُركَاء كُمْ , as Ibn Mas üd.

81: أُتيتم - مِثْتَم, as Ubai and Ibn Abī Lailā.

89: أَجَبْتُ دَعْوَتِيكُما - دَعْوَتُكُما . See also 'Ali's reading.

# SURA XI

16/19: أَحْبِطَ - وَتَبِطَ So read by Aban.

42/44: مَنْ اللهُ . It was the reading of as-Suddi and Ibn Abi Lailā.

49/51: مِنْ قَبْلِ هَٰذَا ٱلْقُرْآنِ – مِنْ قَبْلِ هَٰذَا ، as Ibn Mas ud. See Ṭalḥa's reading.

72/75: مُنْيَخُ , as Ibn Mas ud al-Ḥasan.

104/106: مُؤَخِّرُهُ - 80 read by Abū Imrān.

113/115: تُنْصَرُون بي as Ibn Mas ud and Zaid b. Alī.

## SŪRA XII

10 and 15: بِغَيَابَةِ - فِي غَيَبْتِ, as Ṭalḥa.

11: تُأمَنًا - تَأْمَنًا , as al-A mash and Talha.

. يَلْهُو – يَرْتَعْ : 12

18: کَذِبًا - کَذِب , as Zaid b. 'Alī.

23: وَرُوَدَتُهُ - وَرُودَتُهُ, as read by Anas and Abū Imrān.

25: عَذَابٌ أَلِيمًا - عَذَابٌ أَلِيمًا وَ as Zaid b. 'Alī.

35: عَتَّى حِينَ - حَتَّى حِين, as Ibn Mas ūd.

47: حَصَدْتُمْ مِنْ حَسِيّ - حَصَدْتُمْ مِنْ حَسِيّ - حَصَدْتُمْ عَنْ حَسِيّ - حَصَدْتُمْ . So Abū Nahīk and Abū Mijlaz.

70: رَجْعَلَ - عَمْلَ as Ibn Mascūd.

85: كُنْ أَنْ اللَّهُ as al-A mash.

87: مِنْ رَحْمَةِ أَللهِ (bis) - مِنْ رَحْمَةِ أَللهِ, as Ubai and al-A mash.

90: مَنْ يَتَّق أَللهَ – مَنْ يَتَّق أَللهَ عَلَيْ . So read also by Abū Mijlaz.

99/100: أَبُويُهُ وَإِخْوِتُهُ مَا as Ibn Mas ud and Talha.

110: فَنَحَا - فَنَحَا . So read by Ibn Muhaisin and others.

# SORA XIII

4: فَطُلُغٌ - فَطُلُغٌ به as Ibn Mas'ūd.

. ٱلْكُفُرُ - ٱلْكُفَّرُ : 42

#### SURA XIV

14/17: عيدي – وعيد . It was the reading of Ya qub.

. . ٱلأَمْثَالَ كَيْ تَفْعَلُوا - ٱلْأَمْثَالَ : 45/47

46/47: وَمَا كَانَ - وَإِنْ كَانَ as Ibn Mas ud.

52: بَلَاغٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَهُدَى - بَلَغٌ لِلنَّاسِ . So read by Talha. See also 'Alī's reading.

#### SURA XV

6: اَلْقَىٰ - نُزَلَ So al-A'mash and Abū Mijlaz.

8: عَزَّلَ ٱلْمُلَائِكَةُ - نَزَّلَ ٱلْمُلَائِكَةُ بَهِ as Zaid b. ʿAlī.

53: تَوْجَلْ - تَوْجَلْ, as Ibn Mas ud,

#### SŪRA XVI

19: مَا تُعْفُونَ - مَا تُخْفُونَ . So read by Talha also.

30/32: مَارِ as Zaid b. Alī, necessitating دَارِ, as Zaid b. النعمة

41/43: مُثَوِينَّم وَ لَنْبُوِيَنَّم , as 'Alī as Ibn Mas'ūd. Likewise in XXIX, 58.

62/64: مُفَرَّطينَ - مُفْرَطينَ . See also Ubai's reading here.

76/78: مُوجَّهُ - See also the reading of Ibn Mas tid.

124/125: أَنْزَلْنَا السَّبْتَ - إِنَّهَا جُعَلَ السَّبْتُ , as Ibn Mas'iid.

#### SÜRA XVII

28/24: وَقَضَ - وَقَضَ . See Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

36/38: کُفْتُ  $\sqrt{36/38}$  عُفْدُ کَلَمْ as Zaid b. Ali.

38/40: مُنْ بِنَّهُ , as Ibn Mas'ūd.

44/46: تُسَيِّعُتُ – تُسَيِّعُتُ , as Ibn Mas'ūd and Ibn Abī 'Abla.

64/66: رُجُالِكَ - رُجُالِكَ . So Ibn as-Samaifac and Ibn Qais.

71/73: يَدْعُل . So Zaid b. 'Alī and Abū Ḥaṣīu.

93/95: مَنْ ذَهَب - مِنْ زُخْرُفِ, as Ubai and Ibn Mas 'nd.

as Ṭalḥa. تَخْزُنُونَ - تَمْكُونَ , as Ṭalḥa.

# SÜRA XVIII

1: عَوَجًا بَلْ دِينًا مِعَوَجًا بَلْ دِينًا مِعَوَجًا بَلْ دِينًا مِعَوَجًا اللهِ as Ibn Mas and Ja far b. Muhammad.

as Ibn Mas ad. كُلُّ ٱلْمُعَنَّيْنِ آنَى أَكُلُهُ - كِلْمَا ٱلْمُعَنَّيْنِ وَانْتُ ٱلْكُلَهَا : 33/31

. See Ubai's reading. وَإِنَّ لَهُ ثَمَرًا كَبِيرًا - وَكَانَ لَهُ ثَمَرٌ . See Ubai's

. So read by Abū Imran. للهِ الْغَفُورِ - لِلَّهِ ٱلْكُونَ : 44/42

as Ubai. أَجْبَالُ - نُسَيَّرُ ٱلْجُبَالُ , as Ubai.

52/50: أَذُوهُمْ - نَادُولِ شُرَّكَاءِى ٱلَّذِينَ زَعَهْمُ فَدَعَوْهُمْ and then omitted the rest up to

فَإِنَّهُ كَانَ كَافِرًا فَكَانَ أَبَوَاهُ مُوْمِنَيْنِ ﴿ فَكَانَ أَبَوَاهُ مُوْمِنَيْنِ فَخَشِيْنَا : 80/79 . مَعْلَبُغَ ظَافِرًا فَخَافَ رَبُّكَ as Ubai.

. So Abū Mijlaz. وَمَا جَعَلْتُهُ يَامُوسَى - وَمَا فَعَلْتُهُ . 82/81

102: أَفَرَأُ يِنْكَ - أَفَحَسب . So Abū Mijlaz.

# SÜRA XIX

34/35: قَوْلَ ٱللَّهِ مَاكُونَ وَ عَوْلَ ٱللَّهِ مَاكُونَ عَوْلَ ٱلْكُونَ عِنْ 35/35.

40/41: وَإِنُوا آلْاًرْض - نَرِثُ ٱلْاَرْض. See also Ubai's reading.

46/47: كَانْهُ - لَا مُعَلِّدُ بَالِي as Ubai.

64/65: وَمَا يَتَنَزَّلُ إِلاَّ بِقُوْلِ رَبِّكَ - وَمَا نَتَنَزَّلُ إِلاَّ بِأَمْرِ رَبِّكَ :64/65 and Abū Mijlaz.

. أيم أكبر - أيم أشد الما 69/70:

. إِنْ تَكَادَدُ السَّمَلُواتُ لَتَصَّدَّعُ - تَكَادُ السَّمَوَاتُ يَتَفَطَّرُنَ :90/92

93/94: يَا تَى - اِلاَ عَالَى, as Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

# SÜRA XX

13: إِنَّا ٱخْتَرْنَكَ مَا as Ibn Mas ad al-A mash.

63/66: كَالُون – Like Ubai he omitted the word.

لَنْ نُوْمِنَ بِكَ وَنُوْثِرَكَ عَلَى - لَنْ نُوْثِرَكَ عَلَى مَا جَاءِنَا مِنَ ٱلْبَيْنَاتِ :72/75 عَلَى مَا جَاءِنَا مِنَ ٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ . 32/75 مَا زَأَيْنَا مِنَ ٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ

. See Ubai's reading. يُحلَّقَ عَلَيْكُمْ غَضَبًا - يَعِلَّ عَلَيْكُمْ غَضَبًا.

. as Ibn Mas iid قَبَضَاتِ مِنْ آثَارِ - قَبْضَةً مِنْ أَثَرِ ٱلرَّسُولِ فَنَبَذْتُهَا : 96

118/116: تَجُوعَ - تَجُوعَ, as Ubai and Ibn Qais, and so تَعُرَى and أَخُوعَ and تَعْرَى

### SURA XXI

إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ - إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ : 101.

# SURA XXII

يُكَادَهُ - فِيهِ بِإِلْهَادِ: 25/26; as al-Ḥasan.

27/28: آرُجَالي - رجَالاً .

as Ibn Mas ad. وَالْهُقِيمِينَ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ - ٱلْمُقِيمِي ٱلصَّلَوْةِ : 35/86

الْجِبَالِ مَقْتُولَة He added بِالْجِبَالِ مَقْتُولَة, though some gave it as مَنْهُولَة like Ibn Mas ind.

39/40: قَاتَلُوا - يُقَلَّمُونَ, as Ibn Mas'ūd and Ţalļia.

## SÜRA XXIII

36/38: 4 - 4. So Ibn Abī Abla.

فَا عْبُدُو نِي وَتَفَطَّعُوا - فَا تَقُونِ فَتَفَطَّعُوا أَمْرَهُمْ يَيْنَهُمْ زُبُرًا :52, 53/54, 55 فَا عْبُدُو نِي وَتَفَطَّعُوا - فَا تَقُونِ فَتَفَطَّعُوا أَمْرَهُمُ الْزُّبُورَ

لَمَا أَتُوا - مَا مِاتُواْ : 60/62.

71/73: وَمَا يَنْهُمَا - وَمَنْ فِدِينٌ as Ibn Mas'ūd.

as Ubai and Ţalḥa. قَالُوا بَلْ رَبَّنَا - قَالُوا رَبُّنَا as Ubai and Ţalḥa.

# SÜRA XXIV

15/14: مَثْقُونَهُ - تَلْقُونَهُ . See the readings of Ubai and Aisha.

as تُسَلِّمُوا عَلَى أَهْلِهَا وَتَسْتَأْذِنُوا - تَسْتَأْ نِسُوا وَتُسَلِّمُوا عَلَى أَهْلِهَا :27 Ibn Mas ad.

as Ibu 'Abbas.

as Ubai. See Ibn Mas'ūd's reading.

taking عَلَى نُورًا عَلَى نُورًا عَلَى نُورًا - نُورٌ عَلَى نُورٍ عَلَى نُورٍ عَلَى نُورٍ

58/57: طَقٌ فِينَ - طَقٌ فُونَ. So Ibn Abī Abla and Abū Mijlaz.

# SŪRA XXV

. عَبَادِهِ - عَبْدِهِ : 1

as Ibn Mas ud. مِنْ دُورِننا - مِنْ دُونِ ٱللهِ as Ibn Mas ud.

40/42: أمْطَرَى - أمْطَرَى as Ubai. See also the reading of Ibn Mas ud.

as Ibn Mas and Talha. جَعَلَ ٱلرِّيحَ - أَرْسَلَ ٱلرَّبِيحَ عَلَ ٱلرِّيحَ

49/51: يَنْشِر - إِنْدَى as Ibn Mas ud and Talha.

as Ibn Mas ud. فَصُورًا - بُرُوجًا : 61/62

as Ubai, Mu'ādh and Ibn Qais.

ه: يَلْقَ - يَلْقَ. See also Ibn Mas ad.

as Ibn Mas ud. فَرَّات أَعْسُ - فَرَّةً أَعْيِن

#### SÜRA XXVI

4/3: فَظَلَّكُ – فَظَلَّتُ as Ubai and Ibn Mas'ūd.

عاد 19: أَنْجَا مِلِينَ – ٱلضَّالِّينَ as Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Abbas.

81: He read here as Ibn Mas ud - وَإِذَا مِثُ فَهُوَ مُجْمِينِي

111: عَلَيْكَ - خَاتِبَاعُكَ as Ibn Mas ud, Talha and Ibn Abbas.

. See also Ibn Mas'ūd. مَا صَلَحَ لَكُمْ - مَا خَلَقَ لَكُمْ

# SÜRA XXVII

16: عَنْ كُلِّ شَيْء - مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْء . So read also by Abū Imrān.

18: گُنْهُ اَ عَالَىٰ as Ubai.

22: مِي كُوعُ بِهَا كُمْ تَعْلَمُهُ - أَحَطَتُ بِهَا كُمْ تَعْلَمُهُ as Ubai, Abū Imrān and Abū Mijlaz.

25: مَلاَ يَسْجُدُونَ - أَلاَ يَسْجُدُونَ as Ubai and Ibn Masʿūd.

30: أَذًا (first occurrence) — أَنَّهُ as Ibn Mas ud.

32: مَاضِيةً - قَاطِعةً . See Ibn Mas ud.

36: عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ as Ibn Mas ud.

37: Va - " as Ibn Mas ūd.

. See also the reading of Ubai. عَفْرَاتٌ – عَفْرِيتٌ : See also the reading of Ubai. مِنَ ٱلْجِنِّ آخَرُ – مِنَ ٱلْجِنِّ as Ubai. وَإِنَّهُ – وَإِنِّي

40: آنَا أَنْظُرُ فِي كِتَابِ رَبِّي فَاَتِبِكَ - أَنَا ءَاتِيكَ as 'Alī. Sec also Ibn Mas'ūd.

44: رَجُلُمْ - كُوْمَا . See also the reading of Ibn Mas ud.

49/50: عَاسَمُوا as 'Alī and Ibn Mas'ūd. نَتُقْسَمُنَّ – لَنَقُولَنَّ . So read also by Ṭalḥa.

82/84: بِأَنَّ ٱلنَّاسِ as Ibn Masʿūd. مُنَّ ٱلنَّاسِ . See Ubai's reading.

91/93: هَا تِهِ ٱلْبَلْدَةِ ٱلَّتِي - هَذِهِ ٱلْبَلْدَةِ ٱلَّذِي as Ibn Mas ud.

# SURA XXVIII

7/6: عَلَيْكِ - فَإِذَا خَشِيْتِ أَنْ تُسْمَعَ عَلَيْكِ - فَإِذَا خِنْتِ عَلَيْهِ as Ubai and Talha.

9/8: لَا تَقْتُلُوهُ . He read this before هُرَّتُ عَبْنِ as did Ibn Mas ud. 10/9: لَا تَقْتُلُوهُ as Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

as Ibn Mas ud. أَشْهُرُ بِهِ - لَتُبْدِي بِهِ

11/10: عنب as Ibn Mas ad.

15/14: فَنَكْزَهُ - فَوَكْزَهُ . See also the readings of Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

دُونَهُمَا آمْرَأْتَانِ تَذُودَانِ - وَوَجَدَ مِنْ دُورِنِهِمُ آمْرَأْتَيْنِ تَذُودَانِ : 22 .(وَوَجَدَ مِنْ omitting) جَالِسَمَانِ

28: أَنَّ الْأَجَلَيْنِ مَا - أَيَّمَا ٱلْأَجَلَيْنِ as Ibn Mas tīd.

. فَلَمَّا ٱنْقَضَى عَنْ مُوسَى بَعْضُ ٱلْأَجَلِ - فَلَمَّا قَضَى مُوسَى ٱلْأَجَلَ : 29

32: فَذَا نِيكَ - فَذَا نِيكَ as Ibn Mas'ūd. See also Ubai's reading.

34: يُصَدِّقُنِي - يُصَدِّقُنِي . So Ubai and Zaid b. Alī.

as Ibn Mas ْud. سَاحِرَانِ اظَّاهَرًا - سِحْرَانِ تَظَاهَرًا

as مِنَ ٱكِاهِلِينَ مَا إِنْ يَهْدِى ٱلْعُمْى - ٱلْعَهْلِينَ إِنَّكَ لَا تَهْدِى : 55, 56 . Ibn Qais and Abīī Mijlaz.

61: أُمَنْ أَ أَنَى , as Ibn Mas ud and Talha. See also Ubai.

. So al-A mash. لَوْ لَا مَنْ ٱللهِ - لَوْلاَ أَنْ مَنَّ ٱللهُ: 82

# SÜRA XXIX

12/11: مُطَيِّلَةُ - مُطَيِّلَةُ, as Ubai.

17/16: تَخْلَقُونَ - تَخْلَقُونَ . See also the readings of Ibn az-Zubair and 'Alī.

20/19: وَٱلنَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ

25/24: مُوَدَّةُ بَيْنِكُمْ - مُوَدَّةُ بَيْنِكُمْ . See also Ibn Mas'ūd's reading.

مَمَا أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكُ - مَا أُوحِيَ إِلَيْكَ : 45/44

49/48: يَلْ رِقْي - يَلْ هُوَ as Ibn Mas ud.

as Ubai and Ihn Mas ud.

# SURA XXXI

3/2: هُدًى وَ رُحَهُمَ as Ibn Mas ud.

18/17: تُصَعِّر - تُصَعِّر supporting the Kufan reading.

27/26: مِنْ بَعْدِهِ omitting مِنْ بَعْدِهِ. See also the readings of Ubai and Ibn Mas ūd.

31/30: بنعبات – بنعبات - So read by Ibn Abī 'Abla and al-A'mash.

32/31: كَالْظُلْلِ – كَالْظُلْلِ , as Ubai, al-Jaḥdarī and Ibn Qais.

### SÜRA XXXII

19: جَنْتُ , as Ibn Mas'ūd.

24: 4 - 1, as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash.

## SÜRA XXXIII

1: تق -- آتق, as Ibn Mas and Abu Rajā

6: وَأَزْوَاجُهُ أَمْهَاتُهُمْ وَهُوَ أَنْ لَهُمْ - وَأَزْوَاجُهُ أَمْهَاتُهُمْ وَهُوَ أَنْ لَهُمْ - وَأَزْوَاجُهُ أَمْهَاتُهُمْ وَهُوَ أَنْ لَهُمْ الله See also Ubai and Ibn Mas dd.

20: بُدِّي بَادُونَ, as Ibn Mas ud and Ṭalḥa.

22: زَادُوهُمْ - زَادُوهُمْ , as Ubai and Ibn Mas'ūd.

26: مَلْهَرُ وَمُ - ظَلَهَرُ وَمُ . See also Ibn Mas'ūd's reading.

33: زَفْرَرْنَ - وَفَرْنَ , as Ubai and Abū Nahīk.

. So read by Ibn Abī 'Abla.

. See also Ibn Mas ud. إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ بَلَّغُولَ - ٱلَّذِينَ يُبَلِّغُونَ: 89

40: وَلٰكِنْ نَبِيًّا خَتَمَ – وَلٰكِنْ رَسُولَ ٱللهِ وَخَاتَمَ : 40, as Ibn Mas ud.

أَنَّتَى هَاجَرْنَ - ٱلَّتِي هَاجَرْنَ : 50/49 قَالَتُى هَاجَرْنَ : 50/49 قَالَتَى هَاجَرْنَ : 50/49 قَالَتَى هَاجَرْنَ : 50/49 قَالَتُى هَاجَرْنَ وَهَبَتْ

51: تَرْضَيْنَ كُلُّهُنَّ بِمَا ءَاتَيْنَهُنَّ - يَرْضَيْنَ بِمَا ءَاتَيْنَهُنَّ كُلُّهُنَّ بِمَا ءَاتَيْنَهُنَ كُلُّهُنَّ بِمَا ءَاتَيْنَهُنَّ كُلُّهُنَّ بِمَا ءَاتَيْنَهُنَّ كُلُّهُنَّ . as Ibn Mas'ād and Ibn Qais.

56: عَلَيْهِ - صَلُّوا عَلَيْهِ - حَلُّوا عَلَيْهِ - صَلُّوا عَلَيْهِ - صَلُّوا عَلَيْهِ . See also Ibn Mas d's reading.

69: عَنْدَ أَللهِ , as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash.

# SÜRA XXXIV

1: وَلَهُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخِرَةِ, as Ṭalḥa, omitting وَلَهُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخِرَةِ. See Ubai.

3: عَلَم الْغَيْبِ عَلَم الْغَيْبِ, as Ubai and Mu'adh.

12/11: عَدُوَتُهَا شَهْرٌ وَرَوْحَنَهَا - غَدُوَهَا شَهْرٌ وَرَوْحَنَهَا - غَدُوْهَا شَهْرٌ وَرَوَاحُهَا : 12/11 من المعالمة على المعالمة على المعالمة المع

14/13: تَبَيّنتِ ٱلْإِنْسُ ٱلْجِنَّ - تَبَيّنتِ ٱلْإِنْسُ الْجِنَّ See the readings of Ubai and Ibn Mas ūd.

as Ţalḥa. مَمَا لَبِثُولَ حَوْلاً - مَا لَبِثُول

17/16: يُجْزَى إِلاَّ ٱلْكَنُورُ - نُجَزِى إِلاَّ ٱلْكَنُورَ So read by Ibn as-Samaifa.

19/18: عُدِّ – رَبَّا بَعْد . So Abū Imrān. See also Ubai's reading.

37/36: اَلْفُرُفَةِ – اَلْفُرُفَةِ with Ibn Mas tud, supporting the Kufan reading.

# SURA XXXV

2: مُرْسِلُ لَهَا – مُرْسِلُ لَهَا مُرْسِلُ لَهَا مُرْسِلُ لَهَا مُرْسِلُ لَهُ

8/9: أَمَنْ - أَفَهَنْ. So read also by Talha and Abū Imrān.

12/13: شُرْبُهُ - شَرَابُهُ, as Ubai, Abū Rajā' and Ibn Qais.

27/25: الْمَانَةُ - عَنَانَةُ, as Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

. آلذِي وَرَّشَنَا ٱلْأَرْضِ مِنْ فَصْلِهِ - ٱلَّذِي أَحَلْنَا دَارَ ٱلْمُقَامَةِ مِنْ فَضُلِهِ : 35/32 So Talha.

. as Ubai. يَذَكَّرُ فِيهِ مَن ٱذَّكَّر – يَتَذَكَّرُ فِيهِ مَنْ تَذَكَّر بَهِ مَنْ تَذَكَّر عَلَم 37/34:

# SURA XXXVI

8/7: في أَيْمَانِهِمْ وَيُ أَيْمَانِهِمْ , as Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Abbas. 29/28: زقية – صَيْحَة, as Ubai. Likewise in verses 49 and 53. 31/30: أَهْلَكُنَا - كُمْ أَهْلَكُنَا , as Ibn Mas ud.

. as Ubai لَا يَرْجِعُونَ أَفَلَا تَعْتَلُونَ - لَا يَرْجِعُونَ : 31

36: وَمِمَّا لاَ يَأْكُلُونَ - وَمِمَّا لاَ يَعْلَمُونَ, as Ubai.

38: كَ مُسْتَعْرً ل , as Ibn Mas ud. See also Ubai's reading.

55: نَرْ عَانِينَ - فَكُونَ , as Ibn Mas ud and Talha.

58: سَلَمْ – سَلَمْ, as Ibn Mas ud and Ubai.

65: لَمُكَلَّمَةً – لِتَكَلَّمَةً , as Ibn Mas ud and Talha. See also Ubai.

# SURA XXXVII

10: وَتُبَ ٱلْوَثْبَةَ - خَطْفَ ٱلْمُخْطَفَة . So read by Abū Mijlaz.

11: اخْلَفْ – عَدُدْنَا مِ عَدُنَا Mas ūd.

. رَقْيَةٌ - زَحْرَةٌ : 19

37/36: وَصَدَقَ ٱلْهُوْسَلُونَ - وَصَدَّقَ ٱلْهُوْسَلُونَ , as Ibn Mas ud.

46/45: مَنْ اللهِ as Ibn Mas dd.

57/55: مَنْهُ مَا as Ubai and Abū 'l-Mutawakkil.

as Ibn Mas ūd.

93/91: مَرْبًا as Ibn Mas ud and al-Hasan.

. ٱلسَّعْيَ وَأَسَرٌ فِي نَفْسِهِ حَزِنًا – ٱلسَّعْيَ : 102/100

102: مَا تَوْمَرُ See Ibn Mas'ud's reading here.

الماس عند عند الماس الماس عند الماس الماس الماس عند الماس ا

. يَعْلَاء - يَعْلَاء - 125.

as did Talha. وَوَفَيْنَاهُ وَأَهْلُهُ كُلُّهُمْ إِلَّا عَجُوزًا as did Talha.

164: ゴゾーゴ Ú. See Ibn Mas ūd's reading.

171: العاديًا - إلى عباديًا as was given from Ibn Mas ud.

as Ibn Mas ad. أَنْسَاء : 177

- 180: He added the words - وَقَدْ اَ ذَنْتُكُمْ بِافَانَتِ اَلْمُرْسَلِينَ لِتَسْتُلُنَّ . Some said it was Ibn Mas'ūd's reading and that of Talha.

## SÜRA XXXVIII

as Ibn Mas ud. يَهْشُونَ أَن ٱصْبِرُول - أَنِ ٱمْشُول وَٱصْبِرُول : 6/5:

8/7: أَنْزِلَ - أَعْنْزِلَ as Ibn Mas ud and Abu Mijlaz.

اَنْ كُلُّ إِلَّا 14/13: آياً - إِنْ كُلُّ إِلَّا as Ibn Mas ud and Abu Imrān.

23/22: عَجْةً أَنْثَى - يَسْعُونَ نَعْجَةً أَنْثَى . See Ibn Mas ad.

29/28: اِيَدَّبُرُل - اِيَدَّبُرُل as 'Alī and an-Nakha'ī.

39/38: هَذَا فَأَمْنُنْ عَطَالُونَا - هَذَا عَطَالُونَا فَأَمْنُنْ . So read by Abū Imrān and Abū Mijlaz. See also Ibn Mas'ūd's reading.

46: عالصة - مجالعة. So read by al-A mash and Talha.

as Ibn Mas ad. أَذُونُونُ فَهُوَ لَكُمْ حَمِيمٌ - هَذَا فَلْيَذُونُونُ حَمِيمٌ : 57

# SCRA XXXIX

as Ibn Mas add. See also Ubai's reading.

3/5: كَذِبّ as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash. See also Ubai.

9/12: عَمَانَ ٱلْآخِرَةِ - يَعْذَرُ الْآخِرَةِ. So read by Abū Mijlaz.

29/30: أَرْجُلُ سَالِمًا - وَرَجُلُ سَالِمًا - وَرَجُلُ سَالِمًا . So read also by Abū Imrān.

33/34: عَلَى حَامِ عَلَمُ اللَّهِ عَلَمُ . See Ibn Mas tid and Ubai.

عَدَّهُ عَبَدَهُ عَبَدَهُ عَبَدَهُ عَبَدَهُ عَبَدَهُ 36/37: مُكَافِي عَبَادَهُ مِعَادَهُ 36/37: مُكَافِي عَبَدَهُ

as Ubai. أَلَّذِي قَضَى - الَّتِي فَضَى : 42/43

. See Ubai's reading . وَبُرْسِلُ ٱلَّتِي لَمْ يَغْضِ عَلَيْهَا - وَبُرْسِلُ ٱلْأُخْرَى

53/54: يَغْفِرُ ٱلذُّنُوبَ جَمِيعًا لِمَنْ يَشَاهِ - إِنَّ ٱللهُ يَغْفِرُ الدُّنُوبَ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ الللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ الللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ الللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ الللّهُ عَلَيْهِ الللهُ عَلَيْهِ الللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ الللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ الللّهُ عَلَيْهُ الللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ اللللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ

. قَدْ جَاءُهُ آيَانَنَا فَكَذَّبَ بِهَا وَأَسْيَكُبَرَ وَكَانَ — 60: He read here as Ubai

#### SURA XL

5: مِرَسُولِهَا - بِرَسُولِهَا as Ibn Mas ad.

16: عَلَيْهِ مَ عَلَيْهِ as Ubai and Ibn Mas'ūd.

as Ibn Mas ud. قَلْبِ كُلَّ - كُلِّ فَلْب : 35/37

# SÜRA XLI

6/5: قَالَ إِنَّهَا . So read by al-A mash and Ibn Waththab.

as Ibn Mas تَقْسَمَ - وَقَدَّرَ عَلَا 10/9.

as Ubai and Zaid b. ʿAlī. شَهَدْتُنَّ - شَهَدْتُمْ

22/21: وَعَيْمُ - طَنَعُمْ as Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Qais.

as Ibn Mas ud. ٱلنَّارُ دَارُ ٱلْخُلْدِ - ٱلنَّارُ لَهُمْ فِيهَا دَارُ ٱلْخُلْدِ : 28

30: الله عَنْافُول الله عَنْافُول عنافُول as Ibn Mas ad.

35: كَا يُلْقَاهَا - وَمَا يَلْقَاهَا . See Ibn Mas ud's reading.

49: مُعَاد آكُنُور - دُعَاد آكُنُور as Ibn Mas ūd.

53: مُرَيِّم – سُرُيم So read also by Talha.

## SÜRA XLII

2/1: عسق - عسق as Ibn Mas ud and Ibn Abbas.

37/35: كَيْرَ – كَبِيْرَ supporting the Kūfan reading. Likewise in LII, 32/33.

52: تَدْعُوا لِللهِ as Ibn Mas ud and Ubai.

### SÜRA XLIH

18/17: \عُنْسُونًا - كِيْ مُنْسُونًا لَا عَالَمُ as Ibn Mas ud.

شَهَادَاتُهُمْ - شَهَدَتُهُمْ : 19/18

as Ibn Mas Tid and Ibn Abbas.

33/32: مَعَارِيجَ – مَعَارِجَ as Ibn Mas'ūd.

53: أَسُورَةُ as Ubai and Ibn Mas'ūd.

75: فِيهِ - رَهُمْ فِيهِا - رَهُمْ فِيهِا بِيهِ as Ibn Mas ūd and Ibn Qais.

76: وَمَا ظَلَمُونا - وَمَا ظَلَمُونا - وَمَا ظَلَمُنام . So read by Abū Ḥaṣīn and Abū Imrān.

77: يا مَال as Ibn Mas'ūd.

85: تُحْشَرُونَ - تُرْجَعُونَ. Also read thus by Talha.

# SÜRA XLIV

as Ibn Mas tid. مِنْ عَذَابِ - مِنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ as Ibn Mas tid.

48: وَصُبُوا - نُمَّ صَبُوا . So read also by Abū 'l-Mutawakkil.

. أَمْدُدُنَاهُمْ - زَوَّجْنَهُمْ : 54 as Ibn Mas ud.

also as Ibn Mas'ud.

### SÜRA XLV

6/5: تُوقِنُونَ – يُؤْمِنُونَ . So read by Ṭalḥa and Abū Mijlaz.

as Ubai and Muʿadh. إِلَّا دَهْرٌ يَمْرٍ - إِلَّا ٱلدَّهْرُ

# SURA XLVI

4/3: أَرَّ مِنْكُمْ مَنْ - أَرَّ مِنْتُكُمْ مَنْ as Ibn Mas ud.

as Ubai and Mu adh. مِنْ غَيْرِ ٱللهِ - مِنْ دُونِ ٱللهِ : 5/4

as Ubai and Ibn Mas ud. إِذَا أَسْتَوَى وَبَاعَ - إِذَا بَلَغَ : 15/14

as Ibn Mas ud. مِنْ بَعْدِيدِ - مِنْ خُلْفهِ : 21/20

24/23: أَكُنْ بَلْ مَا - بَلْ هُوَ مَا . See the readings of Ubai and Ibn Mas  $\ddot{\mathbf{u}}$ d.

as Ibn Mas ud and Mu adh.

# SURA XLVII

11/12: فَيْ - مُوكِي as Ibn Mas ud.

أَمَنُ - أَفَنَنُ 14/15. So read by Talha also.

17/19: مَا اللَّهُ عَلَمُ as Ibn Mas ud and al-A mash.

20/22: فَإِذَا نَرَّلَتْ - فَإِذَا أَنْزِلَتْ. So read by Abū Mijlaz. فَإِذَا نَرَّلَتْ - فَإِذَا أَنْزِلَتْ as Ibn Mas ud.

# SÜRA XLVIII

9: وُمُعِيِّمُ - مُسْبِحُولُ أَلَّهُ - مُسْبِحُولُ as Ibn Mas ud and Ubai.

10: عَهْدَ - عَهْدَ . So read also by Ibn Qais.

16: فَإِنْ تُطِيعُوا اللهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَتُصَدِّقُوا بِمَا جَاءَكُمْ بِهِ وَتُنْفِقُوا - فَإِنْ تُطِيعُوا : 16 as Ubai. See also Ibn Mas ud's reading.

26: أَهُلُهَا كَأْحَقَ بِهَا - أَحَقَ بِهَا كَأُهُما عَلَهَا عَلَهَا عَلَهَا عَلَهَا عَلَهَا عَلَهَا

27: تَخَافُوا - He omitted the word. مَا نُخَافُوا - تَخَافُونَ as Ibn Mas'ūd.

29: آثر - أثر as Ibn Mas and Sa d b. Jubair.

# SÜRA XLIX

- 2: أَضُواتكُمْ أَصُواتكُمْ as Ibn Mas'ūd. الله المَّوْلِ فَتَعَبُّ لِلْعَضِ أَنْ تَحْبُطَ الله omitting the rest, as did Abū Mijlaz. See the readings of Ubai and Ibn Mas'ūd.
- 4: أَكْثَرُهُمْ بَنُو تَبِيمِ أَكْثَرُهُمْ . See also Ubai.
- 9: فَأَصْلِحُلُوا عَنْ فَأَعْمِلِ فَغَنْدُولِ فَاءَتْ فَأَصْلِحُلُوا
- 10: أُخَوَاتِكُمْ أُخَوَاتِكُمْ as Ibn Mas tīd.  $\hat{\vec{u}}$  . So read also by Ṭalḥa.
- 11: عَسَوْ عَسَوْ as Ubai and Ibn Masʿūd. عَسَوْنَ أَنْ يَكُنَّ – عَسَى أَنْ يَكُنَّ as Ibn Masʿūd.

12: تَنَا بَرُول - تَجَسَّسُوا . So read by Talha and Mu'adh. بُعْتَا مُول - يَغْتَبُ . So read also by al-A'mash.

as Ibn Mas tīd. إِسْلَامَهُمْ - أَنْ أَسْلَمُوا :17 as Ibn Mas tīd. إِذْ هَدَلْكُمْ - أَنْ هَدَلْكُمْ

## SURA L

as Ibn Mas ad. ٱلْحَقّ بِٱلْمَوْتِ - ٱلْمَوْتِ بِٱلْكَقِّ عَالْكَقِّ

# SŪRA LI

16: آخِذُونَ - عاخِذِينَ as Ubai and Ibn Abī Abla.

22: کُزْنُکُمْ - کُرزْنُکُمْ as Ibn Mas ud and Ubai.

46: وَقُوم - وَقُوم as Ibn Mas ad.

### SURA LII

20: بعُورِ as Ibn Mas ūd.

45: كَانُون - كِالْمُعْن . So read by Ibn Abī 'Abla and others.

# SÜRA LIII

9: قَالَ قَوْسَيْنِ - قَالَ قَوْسَيْنِ as Zaid b. Alī.

23: وَلَقَدْ جَاءِكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ - وَلَقَدْ جَاءِكُمْ . So read by Talha also.

نَا الله عَادَ الله ولى - عَادَ الله ولى 150/51: as Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

58: آلَهَا مِمَّا يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ آللهِ - لَهَا مِنْ دُونِ آللهِ See Talha's reading.

# SŪRA LIV

7: اَعْشَانَ - عُدْسُانَ. See also the readings of Ubai and Ibn Mas ud.

12: الْمَايَانِ – الْمَايَانِ as al-Ḥasan and Abū 'l-ʿĀliya. See Ubai.

20: عُجُزُ - أَعْجَازُ. See the readings of Ibn Mas ud and Ubai.